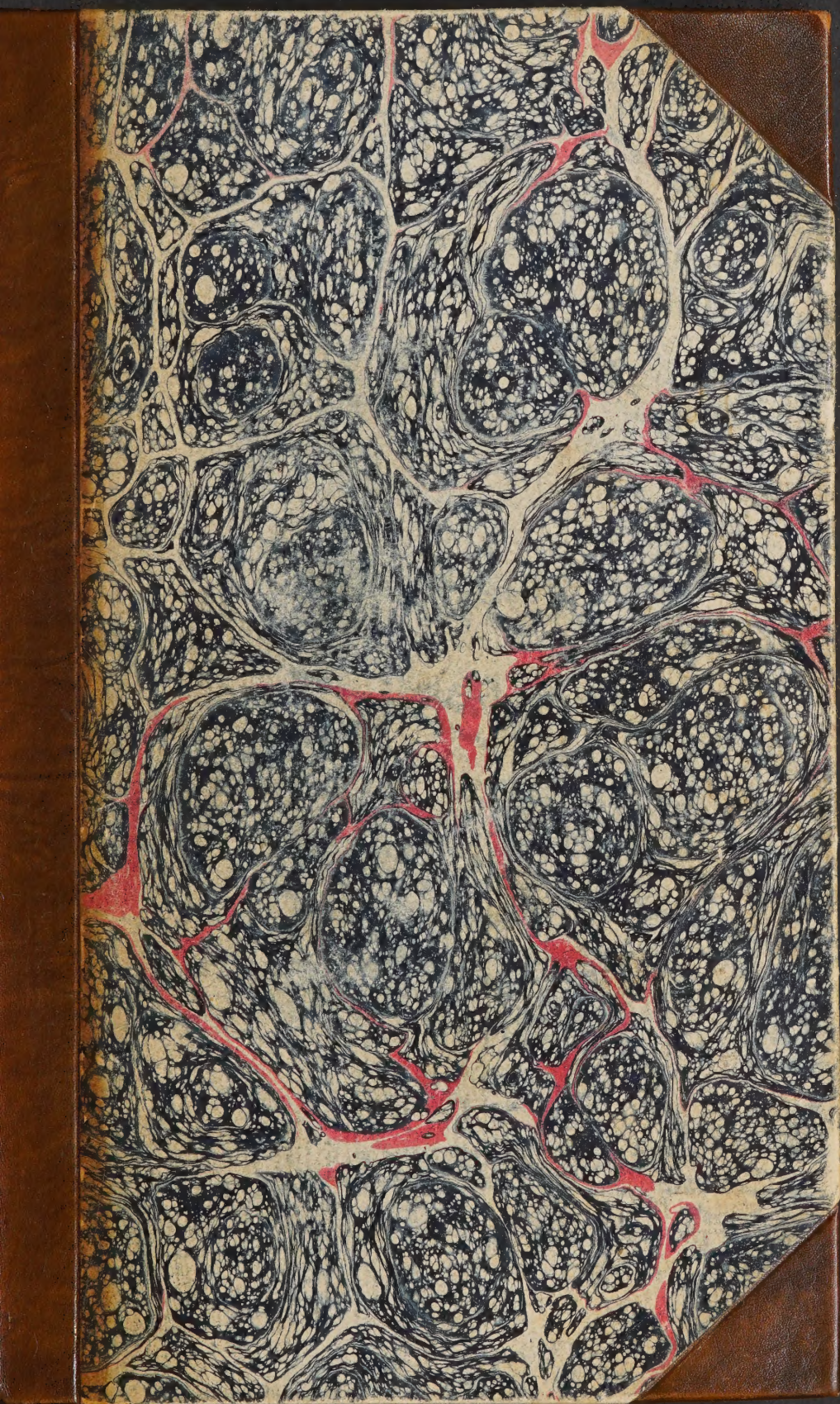




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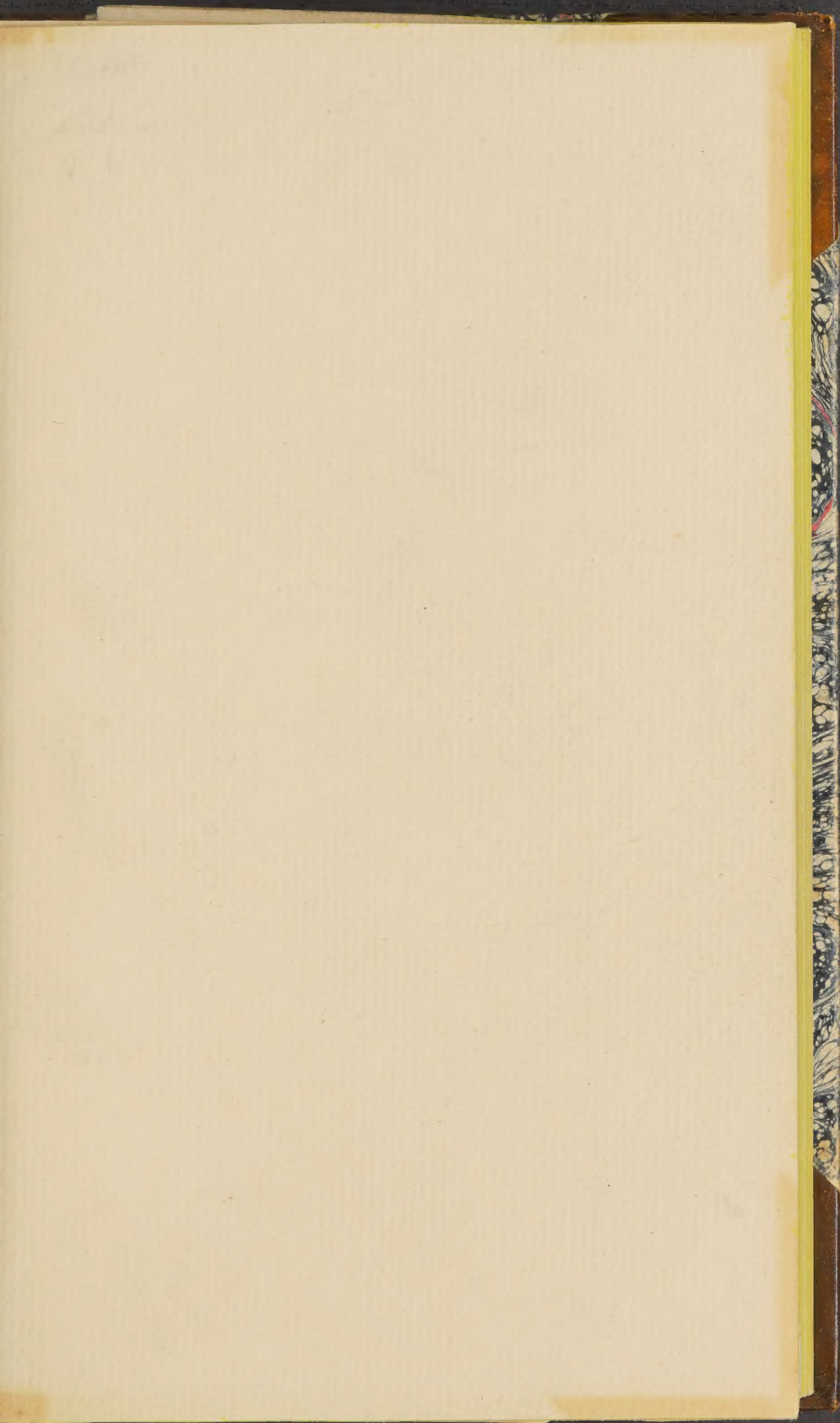
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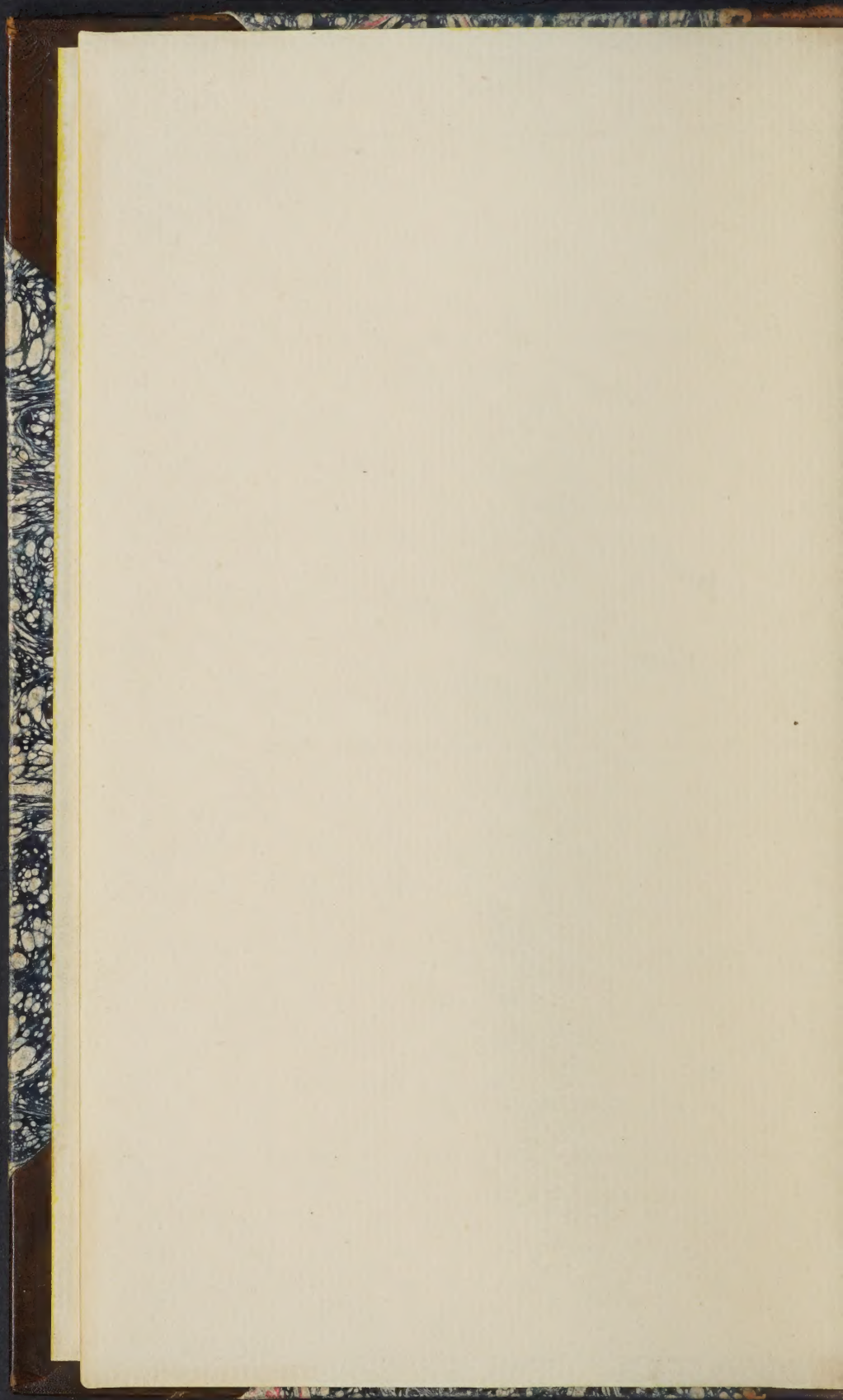


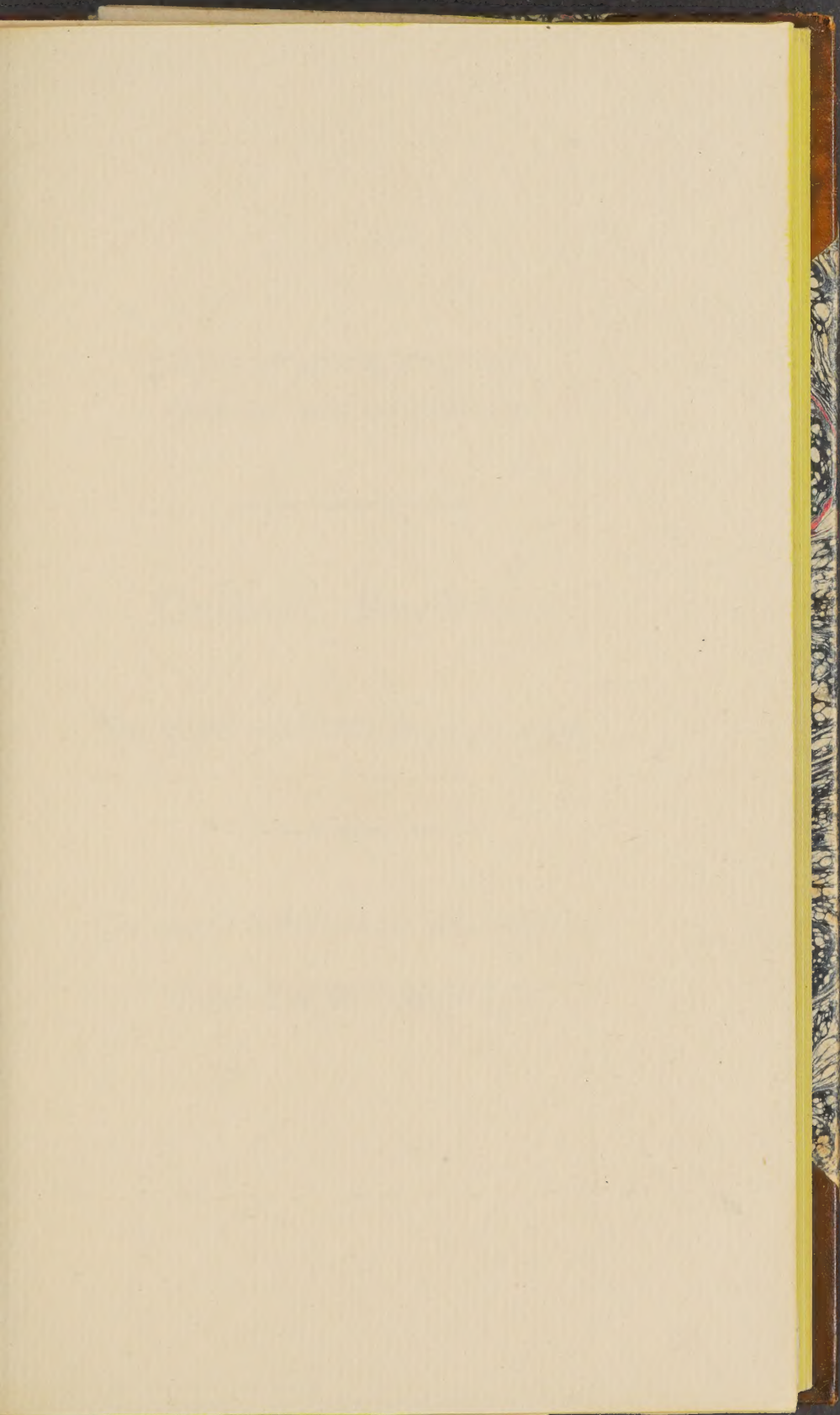


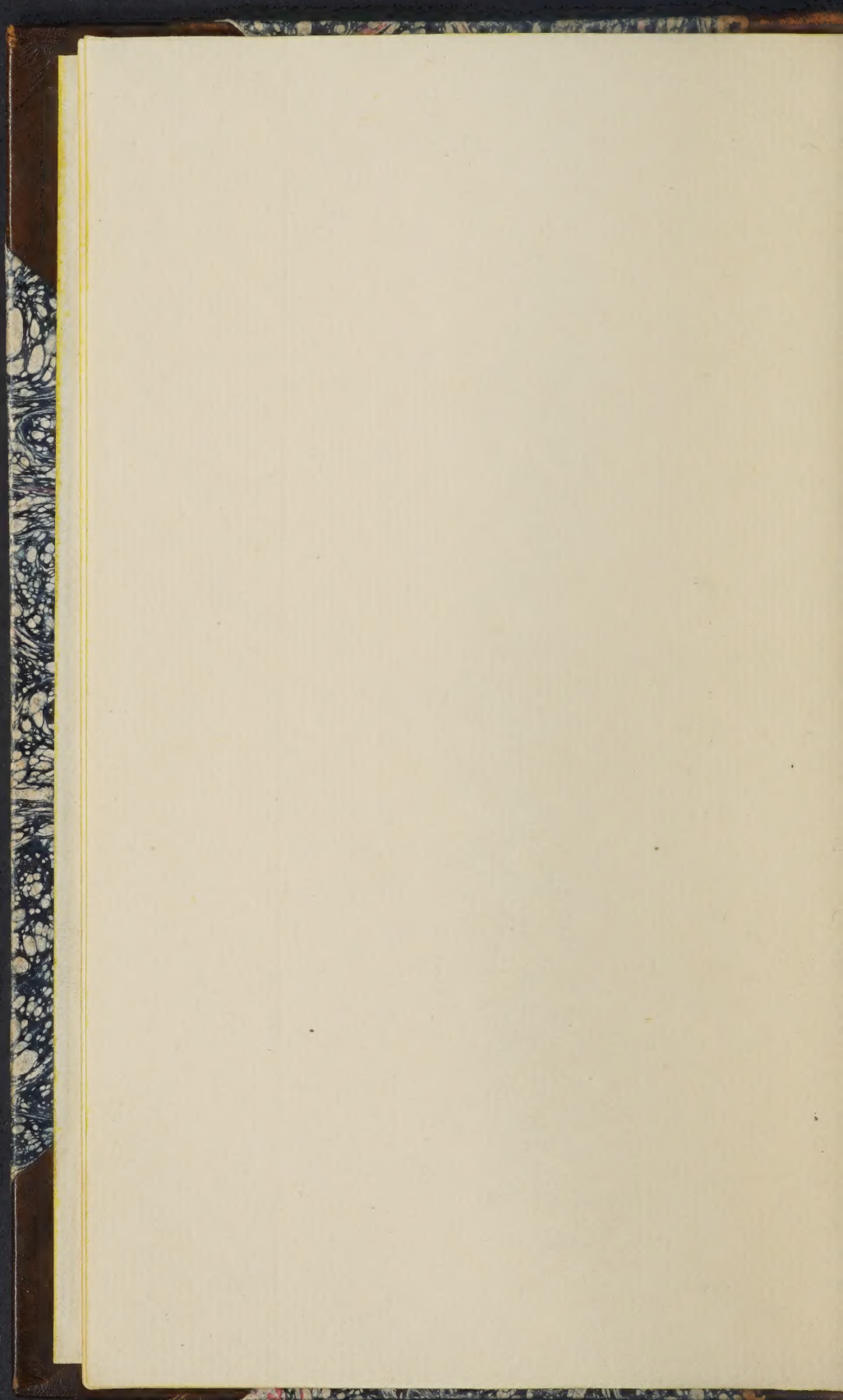


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MUNCHHAUSEN'S TRAVELS: See Page 4.

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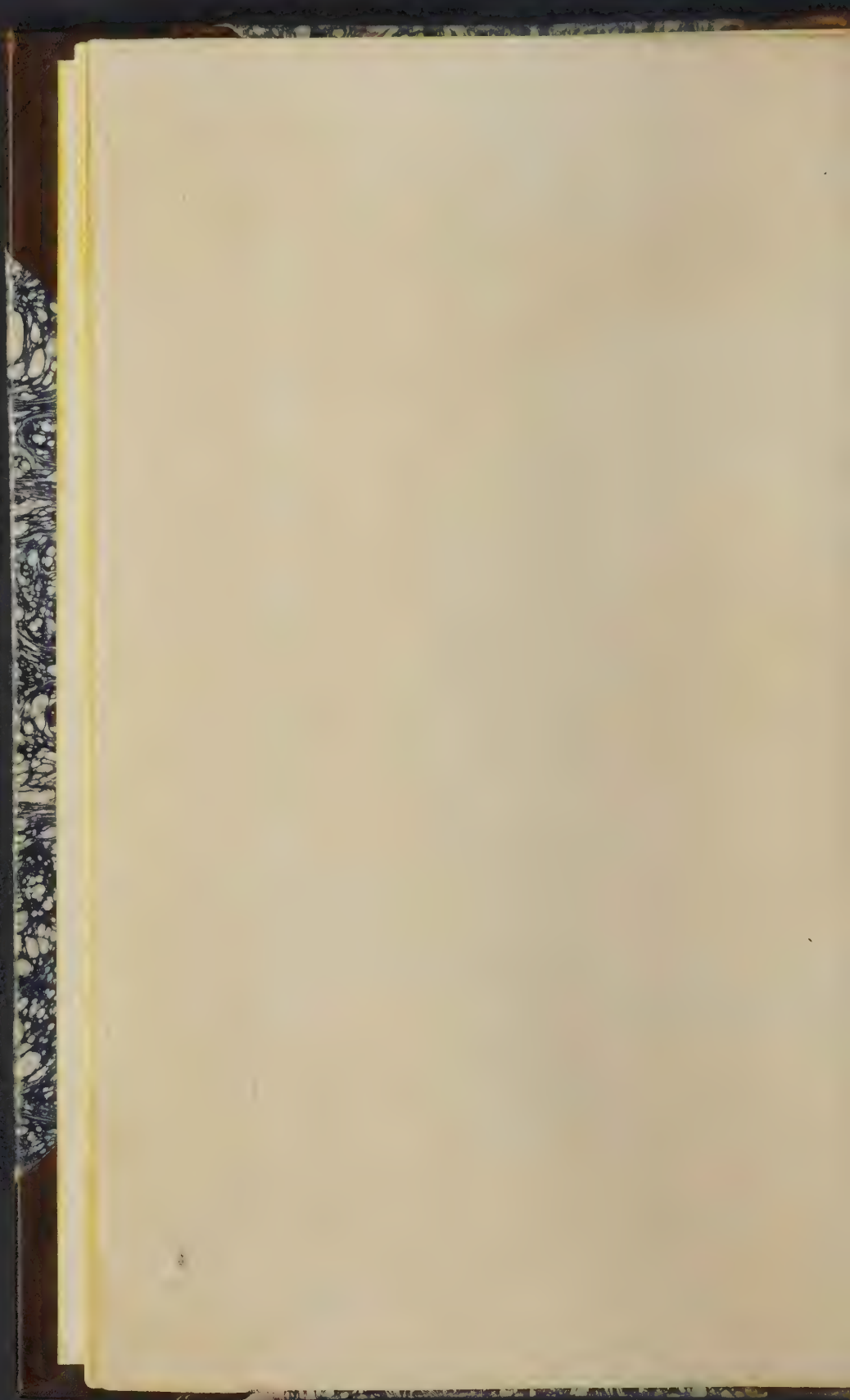
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BARON MUNCHAUSEN.

L O N D O N :

Printed for C. and G. KEARSLEY, FLEET-STREET.

M.DCC.XCIII.



P R E F A C E

To the SEVENTH EDITION.

SOME notice of the extraordinary success of this little volume, and the various improvements it has undergone, will not, we hope, be thought unnecessary. The first edition contained no more than was written by Baron Munchausen, and includes

Chapters 2, 3, 4, 5, and 6 only ; all the other Chapters are the production of another pen, written in the Baron's manner. To the same person the Public is also indebted for the Plates with which the book is now embellished.

Some of the hints, and a few of the facts, are taken from " Lucian's True History," as he ironically calls it ; particularly a short account of such things as were discovered in the Moon. Lucian's motives for writing such extraordinary tales were partly to entertain the reader after more severe studies, and partly

as

as a satire upon some writers who had related a number of monstrous and incredible stories in their works.

*Baron Munchausen is a man of great original humour ; and having found that prejudiced minds cannot be reasoned into common sense, and that bold assertors are very apt to bully their audience out of it, he never argues with either of them, but adroitly turns the conversation upon indifferent topics, and then tells a story of his travels, campaigns, and adventures, in a manner peculiar to himself, and well calculated to awaken and put to shame the
practice*

practice of lying, or, as it is politely called, drawing the long bow.

The sudden estimation which this work is grown into (having passed six editions within a short period) is a strong proof that the Public have seen its moral tendency in a proper light ; it might have been intitled, with great propriety, THE LIAR'S MONITOR :—surely no vice is more contemptible than a habit of abusing the ears of our friends with falsehoods.

The first edition, for want of more matter, was comparatively slow in sale ; but the whole of the subsequent impressions

impressions were purchased within a short time after they were printed. This seventh edition contains such considerable additions, that it may fairly be considered as a new work.

In the preface to GULLIVER'S TRAVELS, which is a fine piece of irony, we find the following passage:

“ There is an air of truth apparent through the whole of these travels ; and, indeed, the author was so distinguished for veracity, that it became a sort of proverb among his neighbours, when any one affirmed a thing, it was as true

*“ as if Mr. GULLIVER had spoke
“ it.”*

*The Editor of these Adventures
humbly hopes they will also be
received with the same marks of
respect, and the exclamation of
THAT'S A MUNCHAUSEN! given
hereafter to every article of authen-
tic intelligence.*

October 16, 1792.

C O N-

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C H A P. I. *

The Baron relates an account of his first travels.—The astonishing effects of a storm.—Arrives at Ceylon; combats and conquers two extraordinary opponents.—Returns to Holland.

SOME years before my beard announced approaching manhood,

* The Baron is supposed to relate these adventures to his friends, over a bottle.

B

OF,

or, in other words, when I was neither man nor boy, but between both, I expressed in repeated conversations a strong desire of seeing the world, from which I was discouraged by my parents, though my father had been no inconsiderable traveller himself, as will appear before I have reached the end of my singular, and, I may add, interesting adventures. A cousin, by my mother's side, took a liking to me, often said I was a fine forward youth, and was much inclined to gratify my curiosity. His eloquence had more effect than mine, for my father consented to my accompanying him in a voyage

to the island of Ceylon, where his uncle had resided as governor many years.

We sailed from Amsterdam with dispatches from their High Mightinesses the States of Holland. The only circumstance which happened on our voyage worth relating, was the wonderful effects of a storm, which had torn up by the roots a great number of trees of enormous bulk and height, (in an island where we lay at anchor to take in wood and water); some of these trees weighed many tons, yet they were carried by the wind so amazingly high, that they appeared like the feathers

of small birds floating in the air, for they were at least five miles above the earth : however, as soon as the storm subsided, they all fell perpendicularly into their respective places, and took root again, except the largest, which happened, when it was blown into the air, to have a man and his wife, a very honest old couple, upon its branches, gathering cucumbers, (in this part of the globe, that useful vegetable grows upon trees); the weight of this couple, as the tree descended, overbalanced the trunk, and brought it down in an horizontal position : it fell upon the chief man of the island, and killed him

him on the spot; he had quitted his house in the storm, under an apprehension of its falling upon him, and was returning through his own garden when this fortunate accident happened.—The word fortunate, here, requires some explanation.—This chief was a man of a very avaricious and oppressive disposition, and though he had no family, the natives of the island were half-starved by his oppressive and infamous impositions.

The very goods which he had thus taken from them were spoiling in his stores, while the poor wretches from whom they were plundered were pin-

ing in poverty. Though the destruction of this tyrant was accidental, the people chose the cucumber-gatherers for their governors, as a mark of their gratitude, for destroying, though accidentally, their late tyrant.

After we had repaired the damages we sustained in this remarkable storm, and taken leave of the new governor and his lady, we sailed with a fair wind for the object of our voyage.

In about six weeks we arrived at Ceylon, where we were received with great marks of friendship and true politeness. The following singular adventure may not prove unentertaining.

After

After we had resided at Ceylon about a fortnight, I accompanied one of the governor's brothers upon a shooting party. He was a strong, athletic man, and being used to that climate (for he had resided there some years), he bore the violent heat of the sun much better than I could; in our excursion, he had made a considerable progress through a thick wood when I was only at the entrance.

Near the banks of a large piece of water, which had engaged my attention, I thought I heard a rustling noise behind; on turning about, I was almost petrified (as who would not?)

at

at the sight of a lion, which was evidently approaching with an intention of satisfying his appetite with my poor carcass, and that without asking my consent.—What was to be done in this horrible dilemma? I had not even a moment for reflection; my piece was only charged with swan-shot, and I had no other about me: however, though I could have no idea of killing such an animal with that weak kind of ammunition, yet I had some hopes of frightening him by the report, and perhaps of wounding him also. I immediately let fly, without waiting till he was within reach; and the report did
but

but enrage him, for he now quickened his pace, and seemed to approach me full speed : I attempted to escape, but that only added (if an addition could be made) to my distress; for the moment I turned about, I found a large crocodile, with his mouth extended almost ready to receive me; on my right hand was the piece of water before-mentioned, and on my left a deep precipice, said to have, as I have since learned, a receptacle at the bottom for venomous creatures; in short, I gave myself up as lost, for the lion was now upon his hind-legs, just in the act of seizing me : I fell involuntarily to the ground

ground with fear, and, as it afterwards appeared, he sprang over me. I lay some time in a situation which no language can describe, expecting to feel his teeth or talons in some part of me every moment: after waiting in this prostrate situation a few seconds, I heard a violent but unusual noise, different from any sound that had ever before assailed my ears; nor is it at all to be wondered at, when I inform you from whence it proceeded: after listening for some time, I ventured to raise my head and look round, when, to my unspeakable joy, I perceived the lion had, by the eagerness with which he sprung

at

at me, jumped forward as I fell, into the crocodile's mouth ! which, as before observed, was wide open ; the head of the one stuck in the throat of the other ! and they were struggling to extricate themselves : I fortunately recollected my *couteau de chasse* which was by my side ; with this instrument I severed the lion's head at one blow, and the body fell at my feet ! I then, with the but-end of my fowling-piece, rammed the head farther into the throat of the crocodile, and destroyed him by suffocation, for he could neither gorge nor eject it.

Soon after I had thus gained a complete

plete victory over my two powerful adversaries, my companion arrived in search of me; for, finding I did not follow him into the wood, he returned, apprehending I had lost my way, or met with some accident.

After mutual congratulations, we measured the crocodile, which was just forty feet in length.

As soon as we had related this extraordinary adventure to the governor, he sent a waggon and servants, who brought home the two carcases. The lion's skin was properly preserved, with its hair on; after which it was made into tobacco-pouches, and presented

presented by me upon our return to Holland to the burgomasters, who in return requested my acceptance of a thousand ducats.

The skin of the crocodile was stuffed in the usual manner, and makes a capital article in their public museum at Amsterdam, where the exhibitor relates the whole story to each spectator, with such additions as he thinks proper: some of his variations are rather extravagant; one of them is, that the lion jumped quite through the crocodile, and was making his escape at the back-door, when as soon as his head appeared, Monsieur the Great Baron

C

(as

(as he is pleased to call me) cut it off, and three feet of the crocodile's tail along with it ; nay, so little attention has this fellow to the truth, that he sometimes adds, as soon as the crocodile missed his tail, he turned about, snatched the couteau de chasse out of Monsieur's hand, and swallowed it with such eagerness, that it pierced his heart, and killed him immediately !

The little regard which this impudent knave has to veracity, makes me sometimes apprehensive that my *real facts* may fall under suspicion, by being found in company with his confounded inventions.

C H A P. II.

In which the Baron proves himself a good shot.—He loses his horse, and finds a wolf;—Makes him draw his sledge.—Promises to entertain his company with a relation of such facts as are well deserving their notice.

I SET off from Rome on a journey to Russia, in the midst of winter, from a just notion that frost and snow must of course mend the roads, which every traveller had described as uncommonly bad through the northern

parts of Germany, Poland, Courland, and Livonia. I went on horseback, as the most convenient manner of travelling; I was but lightly clothed, and of this I felt the inconvenience the more I advanced north-east. What must not a poor old man have suffered in that severe weather and climate, whom I saw on a bleak common in Poland, lying on the road, helpless, shivering, and hardly having where-withal to cover his nakedness?

I pitied the poor soul!—Though I felt the severity of the air myself, I threw my mantle over him, and immediately I heard a voice from the heavens,

heavens, blessing me for that piece of charity, saying,

“ You will be rewarded, my son,
“ for this in time.”

I went on : night and darkness overtook me. No village was to be seen. The country was covered with snow, and I was unacquainted with the road.

Tired, I alighted, and fastened my horse to something like a pointed stump of a tree, which appeared above the snow ; for the sake of safety, I placed my pistols under my arm, and layed down on the snow, where I slept so soundly that I did not open my eyes till full day-light. It is not easy to

conceive my astonishment, to find myself in the midst of a village, lying in a church-yard ; nor was my horse to be seen, but I heard him soon after neigh somewhere above me. On looking upwards, I beheld him hanging by his bridle to the weather-cock of the steeple. Matters were now very plain to me : the village had been covered with snow over night ; a sudden change of weather had taken place ; I had sunk down to the church-yard whilst asleep, gently, and in the same proportion as the snow had melted away ; and what in the dark I had taken to be a stump of a little tree

appearing above the snow, to which I had tied my horse, proved to have been the cross or weather-cock of the steeple!

Without long consideration, I took one of my pistols, shot the bridle in two, brought down the horse, and proceeded on my journey *.

He carried me well—advancing into the interior parts of Russia, I found travelling on horseback rather unfashionable in winter; therefore I sub-

* Here the Baron seems to have forgot his feelings; he should certainly have ordered his horse a feed of corn, after fasting so long.

mitted,

mitted, as I always do, to the custom of the country, took a single horse sledge, and drove briskly towards St. Petersburg. I do not exactly recollect whether it was in Eastland or Jugemanland, but I remember that in the midst of a dreary forest, I spied a terrible wolf making after me, with all the speed of ravenous winter hunger. He soon overtook me. There was no possibility of escape. Mechanically I laid myself down flat in the sledge, and let my horse run for our safety. What I wished, but hardly hoped or expected, happened immediately after. The wolf did not mind me in the least, but

but took a leap over me, and falling furiously on the horse, began instantly to tear and devour the hind part of the poor animal, which ran the faster for his pain and terror. Thus unnoticed and safe myself, I lifted my head sily up, and with horror I beheld that the wolf had ate his way into the horse's body ; it was not long before he had fairly forced himself into it, when I took my advantage, and fell upon him with the but-end of my whip. This unexpected attack in his rear, frightened him so much, that he leaped forward with all his might : the horse's carcass dropt on the ground ; but in
his

his place the wolf was in the harness, and I on my part whipping him continually, we both arrived in full career safe to St. Peterburgh, contrary to our respective expectations, and very much to the astonishment of the spectators.

I shall not tire you, gentlemen, with the politics, arts, sciences, and history of this magnificent metropolis of Russia; nor trouble you with the various intrigues, and pleasing adventures, I had in the politer circles of that country, where the lady of the house always receives the visitor with a dram and a salute. I shall confine myself rather to the greater and nobler objects
of

of your attention, horses and dogs, my favourites in the brute creation; also to foxes, wolves, and bears, with which, and game in general, Russia abounds more than any other part of the world; and to such sports, manly exercises, and feats of gallantry and activity, as show the Gentleman better than musty Greek or Latin, or all the perfume, finery and capers of French wits, or petit-mâîtres.

C H A P. III.

An encounter between the Baron's nose and a door-post, with its wonderful effects. Fifty brace of ducks and other fowl destroyed by one shot.—Flogs a fox out of his skin.—Leads an old sow home in a new way, and vanquishes a wild boar.

IT was some time before I could obtain a commission in the army, and for several months I was perfectly at liberty to sport away my time and money in the most gentleman-like manner.

You

You may easily imagine, that I spent much of both, out of town, with such gallant fellows as knew how to make the most of an open forest country. The very recollection of those amusements gives me fresh spirits, and creates a warm wish for a repetition of them.

One morning I saw through the windows of my bed-room, that a large pond, not far off, was covered with wild ducks. In an instant I took my gun from the corner, ran down stairs and out of the house in such a hurry, that I imprudently struck my face against the door-post. Fire flew out of my eyes, but it did not prevent

D

my

my intention; I soon came within shot, when levelling my piece, I observed, to my sorrow, that even the flint had sprung from the cock, by the violence of the shock I had just received. There was no time to be lost. I presently remembered the effect it had upon my eyes, therefore opened the pan, levelled my piece against the wild fowls, and my fist against one of my eyes*. A hearty blow drew sparks again; the shot went off, and I killed fifty brace of ducks, twenty widgeons, and three

* The Baron's eyes have retained fire ever since, and appear particularly illuminated when he relates this anecdote.

couple of teals. Prefence of mind is the foul of manly exercifes. If foldiers and failors owe to it many of their lucky escapes, hunters and fportfmen are not lefs beholden to it for many of their fucceffes. In a noble foreft in Ruffia, I met a fine black fox, whose valuable fkin it would have been a pity to tear by ball or fhoot. Reynard flood clofe to a tree. In a twinkling I took out my ball, and placed a good fpike nail in its room, fired, and hit him fo cleverly that I nailed his brush faft to the tree. I now went up to him, took out my hanger, gave him a

cross cut over the face, laid hold of my whip, and fairly flogged him out of his fine skin.

Chance and good luck often correct our mistakes: of this I had a singular instance soon after, when, in the depth of a forest, I saw a wild pig and sow running close behind each other. My ball had missed them, yet the foremost pig only ran away, and the sow stood motionless, as fixed to the ground. On examining into the matter, I found the latter one to be an old sow, blind with age, which had taken hold of her pig's tail, in order to be led along by filial duty.

duty. My ball having passed between the two, had cut his leading-string, which the old sow continued to hold in her mouth; and as her former guide did not draw her on any longer, she had stopped of course: I therefore laid hold of the remaining end of the pig's tail, and led the old beast home, without any farther trouble on my part, and without any reluctance or apprehension on the part of the helpless old animal.

Terrible as these wild sows are, yet more fierce and dangerous are the boars, one of which I had once the misfortune to meet in a forest, unprepared for attack or defence. I re-

tired behind an oak tree, just when the furious animal levelled a side blow at me, with such force, that his tusks pierced through the tree, by which means he could neither repeat the blow nor retire.—Ho! ho! thought I, I shall soon have you now—and immediately I laid hold of a stone, wherewith I hammered and bent his tusks in such a manner, that he could not retreat by any means, and must wait my return from the next village, whither I went for ropes and a cart, to secure him properly, and to carry him off safe and alive, in which I perfectly succeeded.

C H A P.

C H A P. IV.

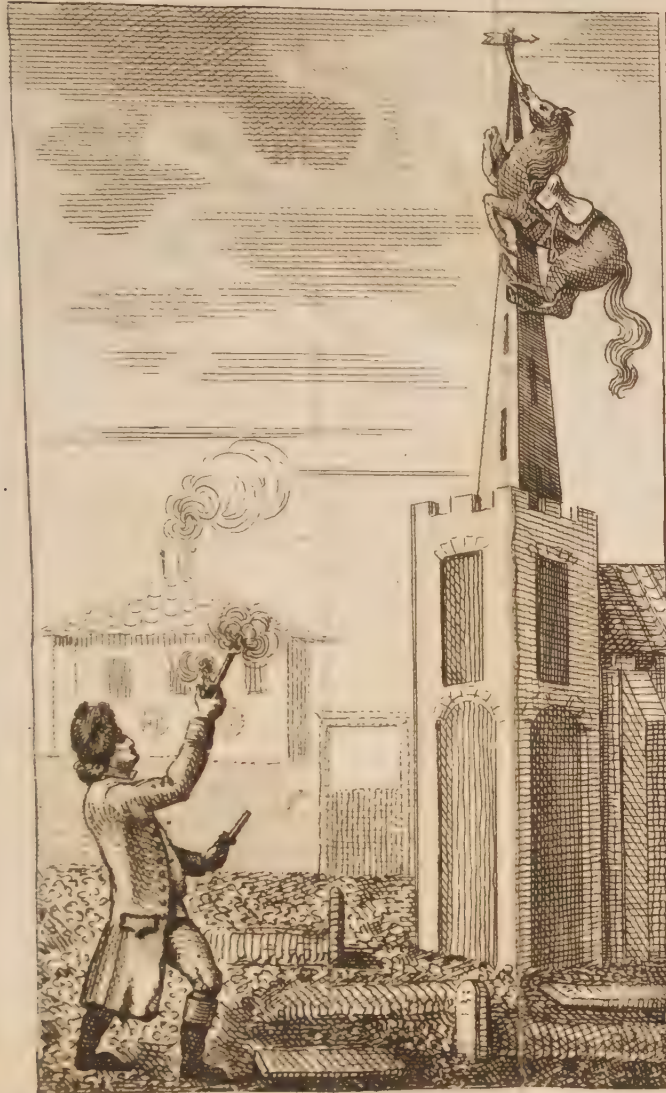
Reflections on Saint Hubert's stag.—

Shoots a stag with cherry-stones; the wonderful effects of it.—Kills a bear by extraordinary dexterity; his danger pathetically described.—Attacked by a wolf, which he turns inside out.—Is assailed by a mad dog, from which he escapes.—The Baron's cloak seized with madness, by which his whole wardrobe is thrown into confusion.

YOU have heard, I dare say, of the hunter's and sportsman's faint and protector, St. Hubert; and of the

noble stag, which appeared to him in the forest, with the holy cross between his antlers. I have paid my homage to that saint every year in good fellowship, and seen this stag a thousand times, either painted in churches, or embroidered in the stars of his knights; so that, upon the honour and conscience of a good sportsman, I hardly know whether there may not have been formerly, or whether there are not such crossed stags even at this present day. But let me rather tell what I have seen myself. Having one day spent all my shot, I found myself unexpectedly in presence of a

stately



Munchausen finit.

Singular Adventures related in the Travels of Baron Munchausen.

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stately stag, looking at me as unconcernedly as if he had known of my empty pouches. I charged immediately with powder, and upon it a good handful of cherry-stones, for I had sucked the fruit as far as the hurry would permit. Thus I let fly at him, and hit him just on the middle of the forehead, between his antlers: it stunned him—he staggered—yet he made off. A year or two after, being with a party in the same forest, I beheld a noble stag with a fine full-grown cherry-tree above ten feet high between his antlers. I immediately recollected my former adventure,

looked

looked upon him as my property, and brought him to the ground by one shot, which at once gave me the haunch and cherry-sauce; for the tree was covered with the richest fruit, the like I never had tasted before. Who knows but some passionate holy sportsman, or sporting abbot, or bishop, may have shot, planted, and fixed the cross between the antlers of St. Hubert's stag, in a manner similar to this? They always have been, and still are, famous for plantations of crosses and antlers; and in a case of distress or dilemma, which too often happens to keen sportsmen, one is apt to grasp
at

at any thing for safety, and to try any expedient, rather than miss the favourable opportunity. I have many times found myself in that trying situation.

What do you say of this, for example? Daylight and powder were spent one day in a Polish forest. When I was going home, a terrible bear made up to me in great speed, with open mouth ready to fall upon me: all my pockets were searched in an instant for powder and ball, but in vain—I found nothing but two spare flints; one I flung with all my might into the monster's open jaws, down
his

his throat. It gave him pain, and made him turn about, so that I could level the second at his back door, which, indeed, I did with wonderful success; for it flew in, met the first flint in the stomach, struck fire, and blew up the bear with a terrible explosion. Though I came safe off that time, yet I should not wish to try it again, or venture against bears with no other ammunition.

There is a kind of fatality in it. The fiercest and most dangerous animals generally came upon me when defenceless, as if they had a notion or an instinctive intimation of it. Thus,
a fright-

a frightful wolf rushed upon me so suddenly, and so close, that I could do nothing but follow mechanical instinct, and thrust my fist into his open mouth. For safety's sake I pushed on and on, till my arm was fairly in, up to the shoulder. How should I disengage myself? I was not much pleased with my awkward situation—with a wolf face to face—our ogling was not of the most pleasant kind. If I withdrew my arm, then the animal would fly the more furiously upon me; that I saw in his flaming eyes. In short, I laid hold of his entrails, turned him inside out

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like

like a glove, and flung him to the ground, where I left him.

The same expedient would not have answered against a mad dog, which soon after came running against me in a narrow street at St. Petersburg. Run who can, I thought; and to do this the better, I threw off my fur cloak, and was safe within doors in an instant. I sent my servant for the cloak, and he put it in the wardrobe with my other clothes. The day after I was amazed and frightened by Jack's bawling: "For God's sake, Sir, your fur cloak is mad!" I hastened
up

up to him, and found almost all my clothes tossed about and torn to pieces. The fellow was perfectly right in his apprehensions about the fur cloak's madness. I saw him myself just then falling upon a fine full-dress suit, which he shook and tossed in an unmerciful manner.

C H A P. V.

The effects of great activity and presence of mind.—A favourite hound described, which pups while pursuing a hare; the hare also litters while pursued by the hound.—Presented with a famous horse by Count Przobosky, with which he performs many extraordinary feats.

ALL these narrow and lucky escapes, gentlemen, were chances turned to advantage, by presence of mind and vigorous exertions; which, taken together,

gether, as every body knows, make the fortunate sportsman, failor, and foldier; but he would be a very blameable and imprudent sportsman, admiral, or general, who would always depend upon chance and his stars, without troubling himself about those arts which are their particular pursuits, and without providing the very best implements, which insure success. I was not blameable either way; for I have always been as remarkable for the excellency of my horses, dogs, guns, and swords, as for the proper manner of using and managing them, so that upon the whole

I may hope to be remembered in the forest, upon the turf, and in the field. I shall not enter here into any detail of my stables, kennel, or armoury; but a favourite bitch of mine I cannot help mentioning to you—she was a greyhound, and I never had or saw a better. She grew old in my service, and was not remarkable for her size, but rather for her uncommon swiftness. I always coursed with her. Had you seen her, you must have admired her, and would not have wondered at my predilection, and at my courting her so much. She ran so fast, so much, and so long in my service, that
she

she actually ran off her legs; so that, in the latter part of her life, I was under the necessity of working and using her only as a terrier, in which quality she still served me many years.

Courting one day a hare, which appeared to me uncommonly big, I pitied my poor bitch, being big with pups, yet she would course as fast as ever. I could follow her on horseback only at a great distance. At once I heard a cry as it were of a pack of hounds—but so weak and faint that I hardly knew what to make of it. Coming up to them, I was greatly surprised. The hare had littered in running; the

same had happened to my bitch in coursing—and there were just as many leverets as pups. By instinct the former ran, the latter coursed; and thus I found myself in possession at once of six hares, and as many dogs, at the end of a course, which had only begun with one.

I remember this, my wonderful bitch, with the same pleasure and tenderness as a superb Lithuanian horse, which no money could have bought. He became mine by an accident, which gave me an opportunity of shewing my horsemanship to a great advantage. I was at Count Przobosky's noble
country

country seat in Lithuania, and remained with the ladies at tea in the drawing-room, while the gentlemen were down in the yard, to see a young horse of blood, which was just arrived from the stud. We suddenly heard a noise of distress—I hastened down stairs, and found the horse so unruly, that nobody durst approach or mount him. The most resolute horsemen stood dismayed and aghast: despondency was expressed in every countenance, when, in one leap, I was on his back, took him by surprise, and worked him quite into gentleness and obedience, with the best display of horsemanship I

was

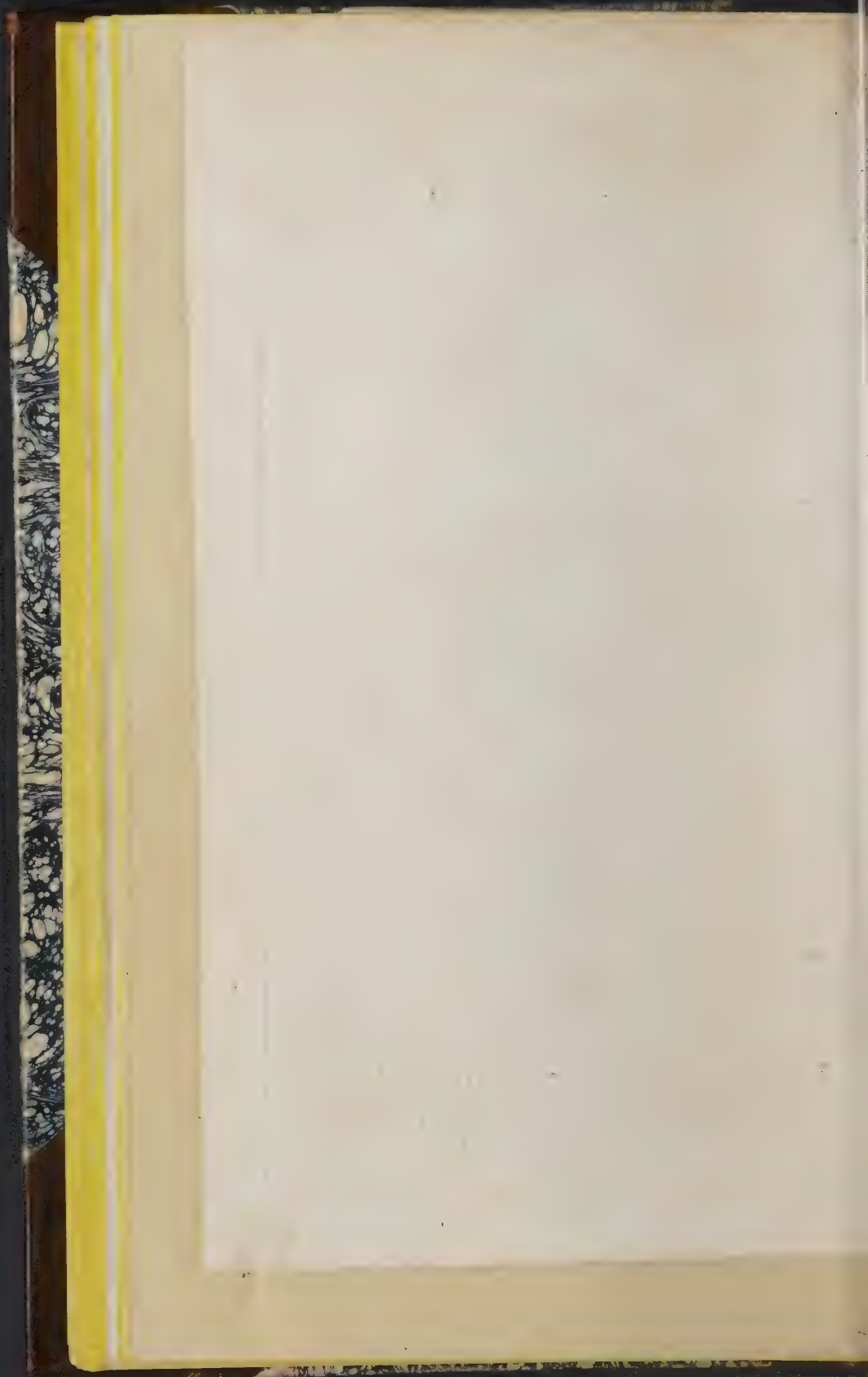
was master of. Fully to shew this to the ladies, and save them unnecessary trouble, I forced him to leap in at one of the open windows of the tea-room*, walked round several times, pace, trot, and gallop; and at last made him mount the tea-table †, there to repeat his lessons, in a pretty style of miniature, which was exceedingly pleasing to the ladies, for he performed them amazingly well, and did not break either cup or saucer. It placed me so high in their opinion, and so well in that of the noble lord, that with his usual politeness, he begged I would ac-

* See plate.

† See plate.

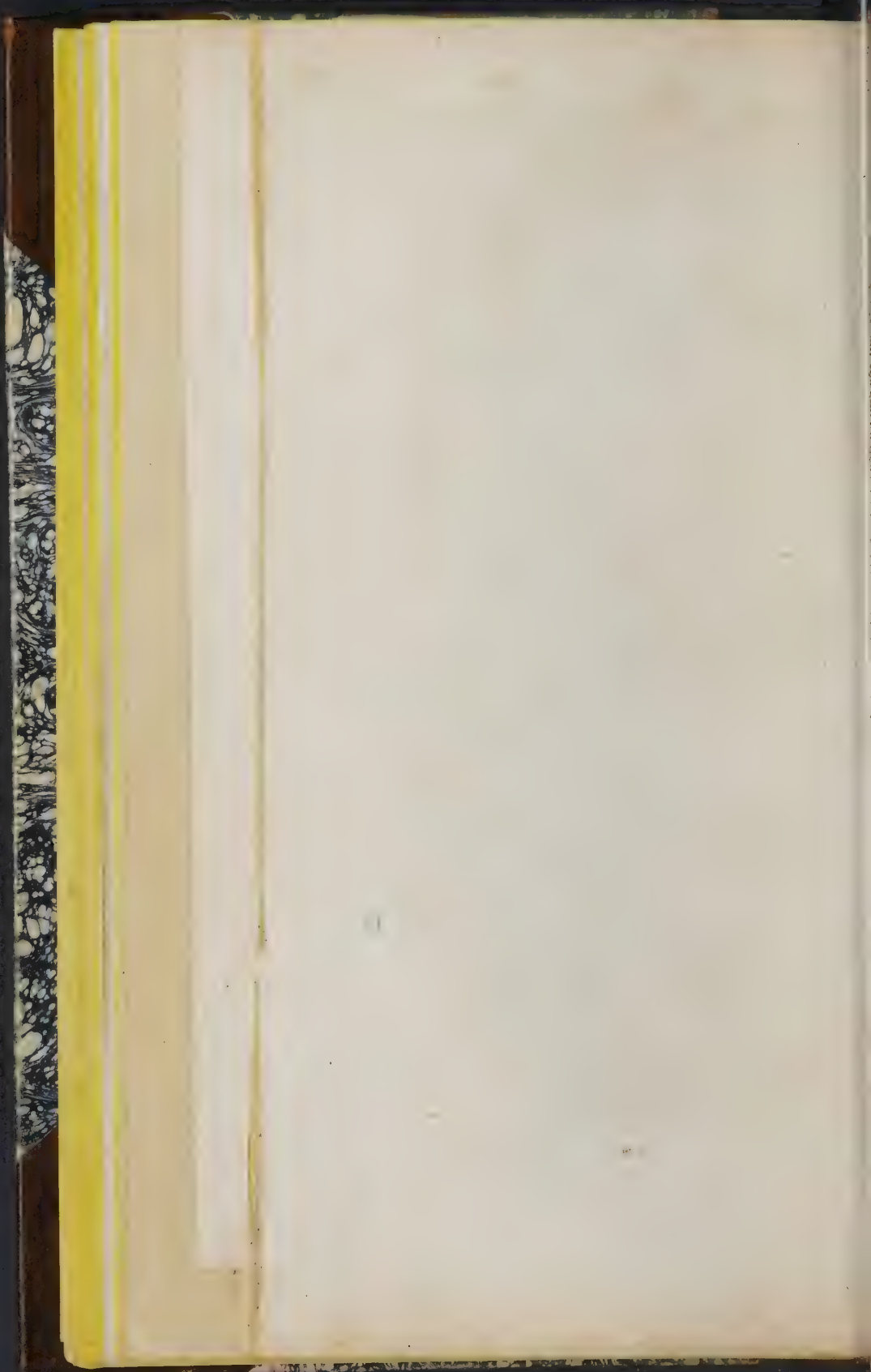


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cept of this young horse, and ride him full career to conquest and honour, in the campaign against the Turks, which was soon to be opened, under the command of Count Munich.

I could not indeed have received a more agreeable present, nor a more ominous one at the opening of that campaign, in which I made my apprenticeship as a soldier. A horse so gentle, so spirited, and so fierce—at once a lamb and a Bucephalus, put me always in mind of the soldier's and the gentleman's duty; of young Alexander, and of the astonishing things he performed in the field.

We

We took the field, among several other reasons, it seems, with an intention to retrieve the character of the Russian arms, which had been blemished a little by Czar Peter's last campaign on the Pruth; and this we fully accomplished by several very fatiguing and glorious campaigns under the command of that great general I mentioned before.

Modesty forbids individuals to arrogate to themselves great successes or victories, the glory of which is generally engrossed by the commander, nay, which is rather awkward, by kings and queens, who never smelt gun-powder
but

but at the field-days and reviews of their troops ; never saw a field of battle, or an enemy in battle array.

Nor do I claim any particular share of glory in the great engagements with the enemy. We all did our duty, which, in the patriot's, soldier's, and gentleman's language, is a very comprehensive word, of great honour, meaning, and import, and of which the generality of idle quidnuncs and coffee-house politicians, can hardly form any but a very mean and contemptible idea. However, having had the command of a body of hussars, I went upon several expeditions, with

F discre-

discretionary powers; and the success I then met with is I think fairly, and only to be placed to my account, and to that of the brave fellows whom I led on to conquest and to victory. We had very hot work once in the van of the army, when we drove the Turks into Oczakow. My spirited Lithuanian had almost brought me into a scrape: I had an advanced fore-post, and saw the enemy coming against me in a cloud of dust, which left me rather uncertain about their actual numbers and real intentions: to wrap myself up in a similar cloud was common prudence, but would not have much advanced

advanced my knowledge, or answered the end for which I had been sent out ; therefore I let my flankers on both wings spread to the right and left, and make what dust they could, and I myself led on straight upon the enemy, to have a nearer fight of them ; in this I was gratified, for they stood and fought, till, for fear of my flankers, they began to move off rather disorderly. This was the moment to fall upon them with spirit—We broke them entirely, made a terrible havock amongst them—and drove them not only back to a walled town in their

rear, but even through it, contrary to our most sanguine expectation.

The swiftness of my Lithuanian enabled me to be foremost in the pursuit ; and seeing the enemy fairly flying through the opposite gate, I thought it would be prudent to stop in the market-place, to order the men to rendezvous. I stopped, gentlemen ; but judge of my astonishment, when in this market-place I saw not one of my hussars about me ! Are they scouring the other streets ? or what is become of them ? They could not be far off, and must, at all events, soon join me. In
that

that expectation I walked my panting Lithuanian to a spring in this market-place, and let him drink. He drank uncommonly—with an eagerness not to be satisfied, but natural enough, for when I looked round for my men, what should I see, gentlemen? the hind part of the poor creature croup and legs were missing, as if he had been cut in two, and the water ran out as it came in, without refreshing or doing him any good! How it could have happened, was quite a mystery to me, till I returned with him to the town-gate. There I saw, that when I rushed in pell-mell with the flying

enemy, they had dropped the port-cullis*, unperceived by me, which had totally cut off his hind part†, that still lay quivering on the outside of the gate. It would have been an irreparable loss, had not our farrier contrived to bring both parts together while hot. He sewed them up with sprigs and young shoots of laurels that were at hand—the wound healed; and, what could not have happened but to so glorious an horse, the sprigs took root in his body, grew up, and formed a bower over me; so that afterwards I could

* An heavy falling door, with sharp spikes at the bottom, let down suddenly, to prevent the entrance of an enemy into a fortified town.

† See the plate.

(79)

go upon many other expeditions in
the shade of my own and my horse's
laurels.

C H A P . VI.

The Baron is made a prisoner of war, and sold for a slave—Keeps the Sultan's bees, which are attacked by two bears—Loses one of his bees; a silver hatchet, which he throws at the bees, rebounds and flies up to the moon; brings it back by an ingenious invention; falls to the earth on his return, and helps himself out of a pit—Extricates himself from a carriage which meets him in a narrow road, in a manner never before attempted, nor practised since. The wonderful effect of the frost upon his servant's French horn.

I WAS not always successful. I had the misfortune to be overpowered
by

by numbers, to be made prisoner of war; and, what is worse, but always usual among the Turks*, to be sold for a slave. In that state of humiliation, my daily task was not very hard and laborious, but rather singular and irksome. It was to drive the Sultan's bees every morning to their pasture-grounds, to attend them all the day long, and against night to drive them back to their hives. One evening I missed a bee, and soon observed that two bears had fallen upon her, to tear her to pieces for the honey she car-

* The Baron was afterwards in great favour with the Grand Signior, as will appear hereafter.

ried.

ried *. I had nothing like an offensive weapon in my hands but the silver hatchet, which is the badge of the Sultan's gardeners and farmers. I threw it at the robbers, with an intention to frighten them away, and set the poor bee at liberty; but, by an unlucky turn of my arm, it flew upwards, and continued rising till it reached the moon. How should I recover it? how fetch it down again? I recollected that Turkey-beans grow very quick, and run up to an astonishing height. I planted one immediately; it grew, and actually fastened it-

* See the plate.

self to one of the moon's horns. I had no more to do now but to climb up by it into the moon, where I safely arrived, and had a troublesome piece of business before I could find my silver hatchet, in a place where every thing has the brightness of silver; at last, however, I found it in a heap of chaff and chopped straw. I was now for returning: but, alas! the heat of the sun had dried up my bean; it was totally useless for my descent: so I fell to work, and twisted me a rope of that chopped straw, as long and as well as I could make it. This I fastened to one of the moon's horns, and slid
down

down to the end of it. Here I held myself fast with the left hand ; and, with the hatchet in my right, I cut the long, now useless end of the upper part, which, when tied to the lower end, brought me a good deal lower : this repeated splicing and tying of the rope, did not improve its quality, or bring me down to the Sultan's farms. I was four or five miles from the earth at least *, when it broke ; I fell to the ground with such amazing violence, that I found myself stunned, and in a hole nine fathoms deep at least, made by the weight of my body falling from

* See the plate.

so great a height : I recovered, but knew not how to get out again ; however, I dug slopes or steps with my nails (the Baron's nails were then of forty years growth), and easily accomplished it.

Peace was soon after concluded with the Turks ; and gaining my liberty, I left St. Petersburg at the time of that singular revolution, when the emperor in his cradle, his mother, the duke of Brunswick, her father, field-marshal Munich, and many others were sent to Siberia. The winter was then so uncommonly severe all over Europe, that ever since the sun seems to be frost-

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bitten.

bitten. At my return to this place, I felt on the road greater inconveniences than those I had experienced on my setting out.

I travelled post, and finding myself in a narrow lane, bid the postillion give a signal with his horn, that other travellers might not meet us in the narrow passage. He blew with all his might; but his endeavours were in vain, he could not make the horn found; which was unaccountable, and rather unfortunate, for soon after we found ourselves in the presence of another coach coming the other way: there was no proceeding; however, I
got





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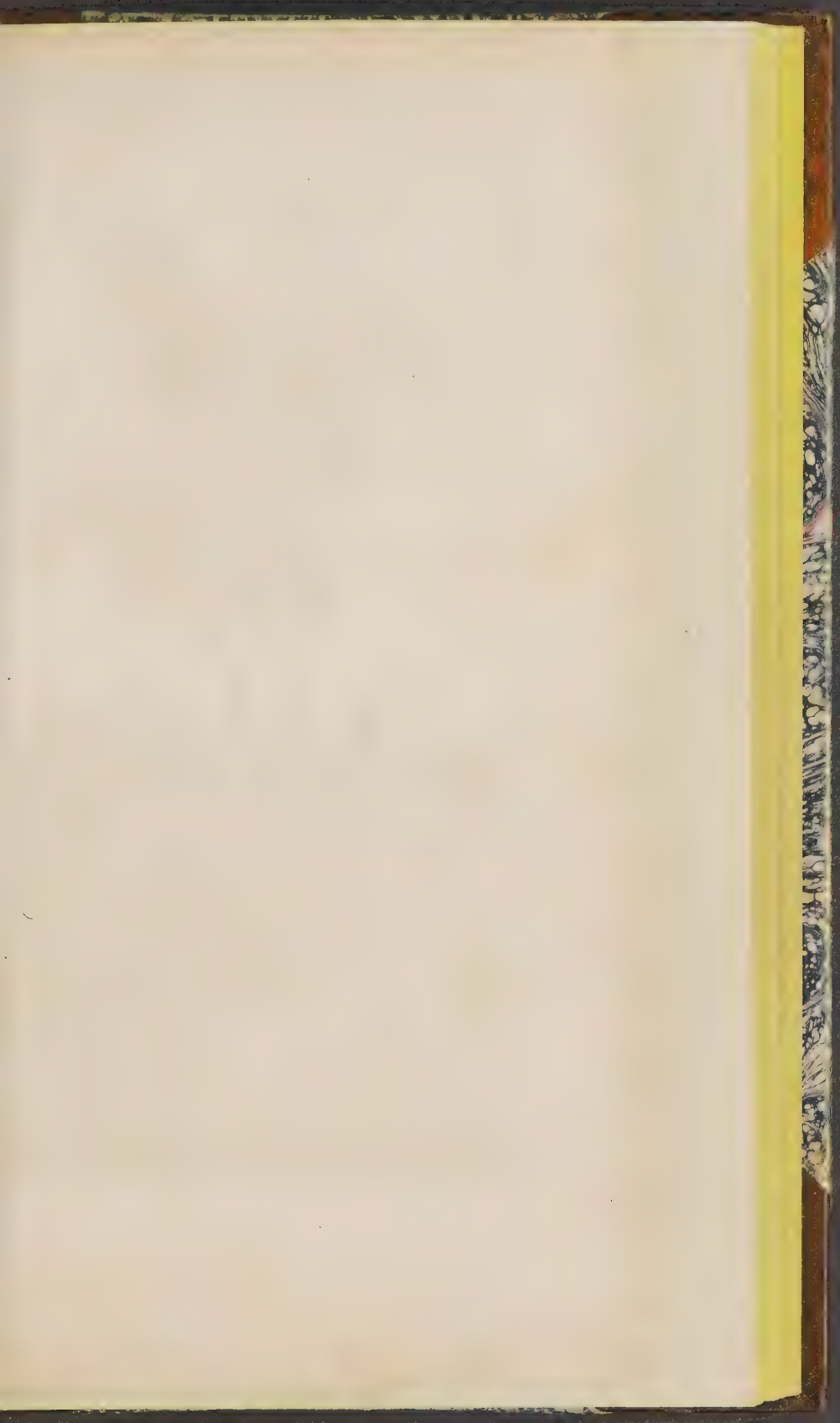
got out of my carriage, and being pretty strong, placed it wheels and all upon my head: I then jumped over a hedge about nine feet high* (which, considering the weight of the coach, was rather difficult) into a field, and came out again by another jump into the road beyond the other carriage: I then went back for the horses, and placing one upon my head, and the other under my left arm, by the same means brought them to my coach†, put to, and proceeded to an inn at the end of our stage. I should have told you, that the horse under

* See the plate.

† See the plate.

my arm was very spirited, and not above four years old; in making my second spring over the hedge, he expressed great dislike to that violent kind of motion, by kicking and snorting; however, I confined his hind-legs, by putting them into my coat-pocket. After we arrived at the inn, my postillion and I refreshed ourselves: he hung his horn on a peg near the kitchen fire; I sat on the other side.

Suddenly we heard a *Tereng! tereng! teng! teng!* We looked round, and now found the reason why the postillion had not been able to sound his horn; his tunes were frozen up in
the





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the horn, and came out now by thawing, plain enough, and much to the credit of the driver ; so that the honest fellow entertained us for some time with a variety of tunes, without putting his mouth to the horn—The King of Prussia's march—Over the hill and over the dale—with many other favourite tunes : at length the thawing entertainment concluded, as I shall this short account of my Russian travels.

Some travellers are apt to advance more than is perhaps strictly true ; if any of the company entertain a doubt of my veracity, I shall only say to such, I pity their want

of faith, and must request they will take leave before I begin the second part of my adventures, which are as strictly founded in fact as those I have already related.

Gulliver Revived.

P A R T II.

C H A P. VII.

The Baron relates his adventures on a voyage to North America, which are well worth the reader's attention.—Pranks of a whale.—A sea-gull saves a sailor's life.—The Baron's head forced into his stomach.—A dangerous leak stopped a posteriori.

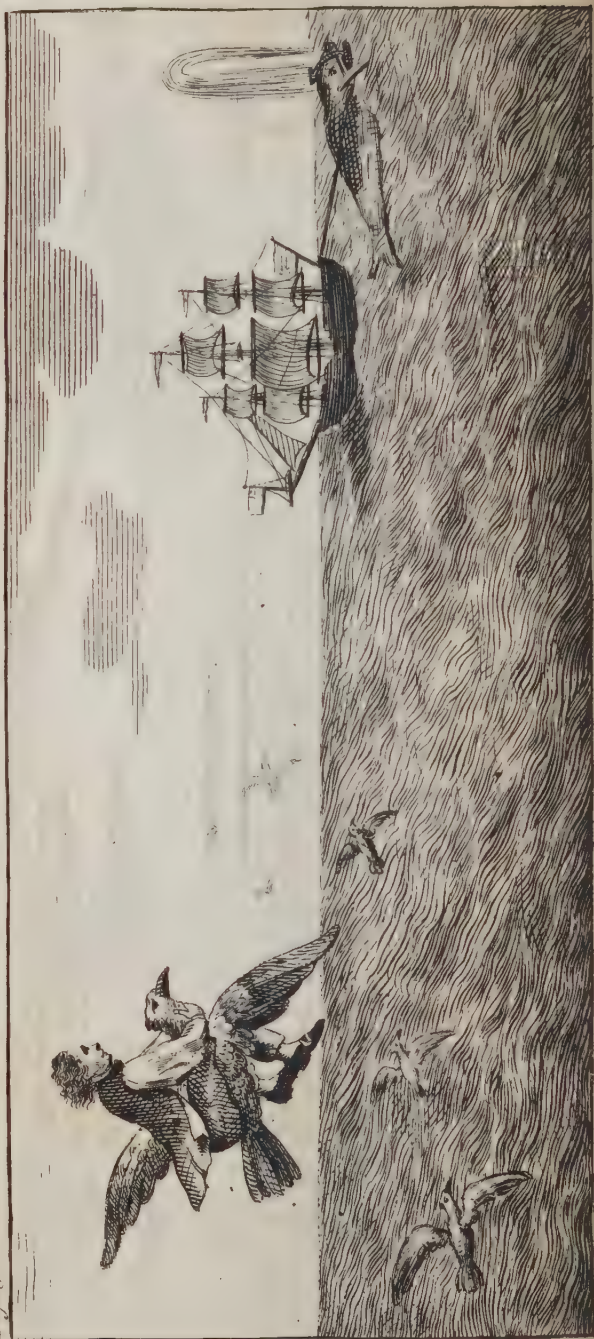
I Embarked at Portsmouth in a first-rate English man of war, of one hundred guns, and fourteen hundred men,
for

for North America. Nothing worth relating happened till we arrived within three hundred leagues of the river Saint Laurence, when the ship struck with amazing force against (as we supposed) a rock ; however, upon heaving the lead, we could find no bottom, even with three hundred fathoms. What made this circumstance the more wonderful, and indeed beyond all comprehension, was, that the violence of the shock was such that we lost our rudder, broke our bowsprit in the middle, and split all our masts from top to bottom, two of which went by the board : a poor fellow, who was

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Page 93.



aloft, furling the main-sheet, was flung at leaft three leagues from the fhip; but he fortunately faved his life, by laying hold of the tail of a large fea-gull, who brought him back, and lodged him on the very fpot from whence he was thrown*. Another proof of the violence of the fhock was the force with which the people between decks were driven againft the floors above them: my head particularly was preffed into my ftomach, where it continued fome months before it recovered its natural fituation. Whilft we were all in a ftate of afto-

* See the plate.

nishment at the general and unaccountable confusion in which we were involved, the whole was suddenly explained, by the appearance of a large whale, who had been basking asleep, within sixteen feet of the surface of the water. This animal was so much displeased with the disturbance which our ship had given him (for, in our passage, we had with our rudder scratched his nose) that he beat in all the gallery and part of the quarter-deck with his tail, and almost at the same instant took the main-sheet anchor, which was suspended, as it usually is, from the head, between his teeth,

teeth, and ran away with the ship, at least sixty leagues, at the rate of twelve leagues an hour *, when fortunately the cable broke, and we lost both the whale and the anchor. However, upon our return to Europe some months after, we found the same whale, within a few leagues of the same spot, floating dead upon the water; it measured above half a mile in length. As we could take but a small quantity of such a monstrous animal on board, we got our boats out, and with much difficulty cut off his head, where, to our great joy, we

* See the plate.

found

found the anchor, and above forty fathom of the cable concealed on the left side of his mouth, just under his tongue*. This was the only extraordinary circumstance that happened on this voyage. One part of our distress however I had like to have forgot: while the whale was running away with the ship, she sprung a leak, and the water poured in so fast, that all our pumps could not keep us from sinking: it was however, my good fortune to discover it first. I found it a large hole about a foot diameter; you

* Perhaps this was the cause of his death, as that side of his tongue was much swelled, with a great degree of inflammation.

will naturally suppose this circumstance gives me infinite pleasure, when I inform you, that this noble vessel was preserved, with all its crew, by a most fortunate thought ! In short, I completely filled it with my ——, without taking off my small-clothes, and could have dispensed with it had it been larger ; nor will you be surpris'd when I inform you, I am descended from Dutch * parents.

My situation, while I sat there, was rather cool, but the carpenter's art soon relieved me.

* The Baron's ancestors have but lately settled there : in another part of his adventures, he boasts of royal blood.

H C H A P.

C H A P. VIII.

Bathes in the Mediterranean—Meets an unexpected companion—Arrives unintentionally in the regions of heat and darkness, from which he is extricated by dancing an hornpipe—Frightens his deliverers, and returns on shore.

I Was once in great danger of being lost in a most singular manner in the Mediterranean : I was bathing in that pleasant sea near Marseilles, one summer's afternoon, when I discovered a very large fish, with his jaws quite extended,

tended, approaching me with the greatest velocity ; there was no time to be lost, nor could I possibly avoid him. I immediately reduced myself to as small a size as possible, by closing my feet and placing my hands also near my sides, in which position I passed directly between his jaws, and into his stomach, where I remained some time in total darkness, and comfortably warm, as you may imagine ; at last it occurred to me, that by giving him pain, he would be glad to get rid of me : as I had plenty of room, I played my pranks, such as tumbling, hop, step, and jump, &c. but nothing

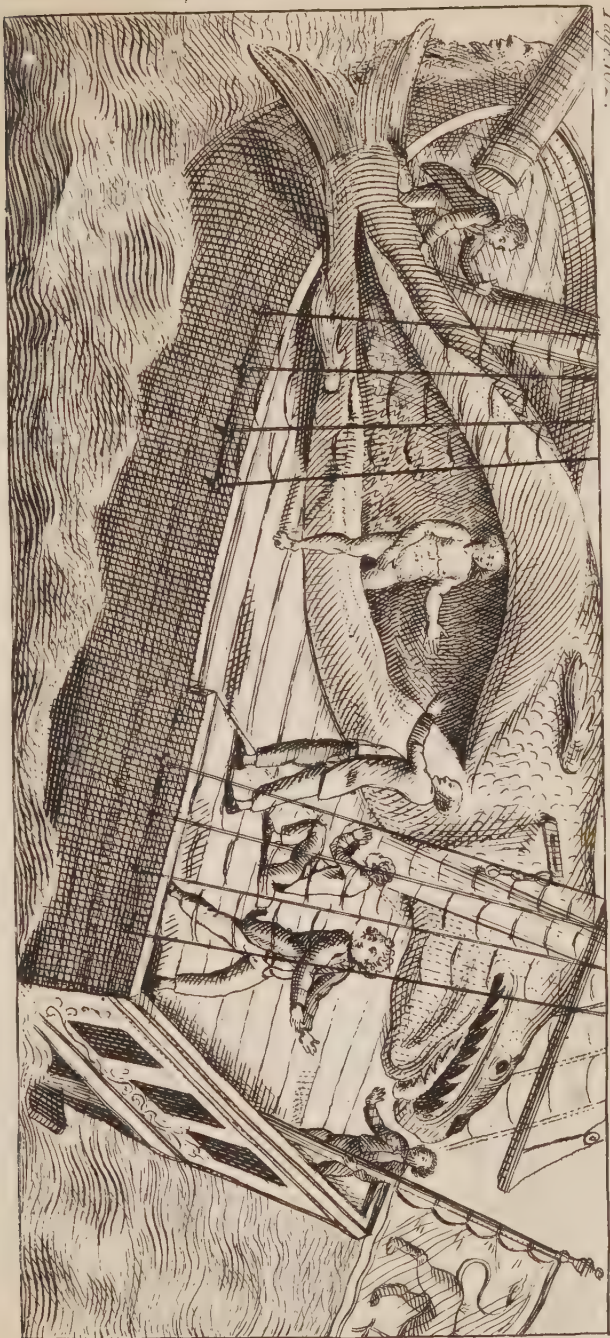
seemed to disturb him so much as the quick motion of my feet in attempting to dance a hornpipe ; soon after I began, he put me out, by sudden fits and starts : I persevered ; at last he roared horridly, and stood up almost perpendicular in the water, with his head and shoulders exposed, by which he was discovered by the people on board an Italian trader, then sailing by, who harpooned him in a few minutes. As soon as he was brought on board, I heard the crew consulting how they should cut him up, so as to preserve the greatest quantity of oil. As I understood Italian, I was in most dreadful

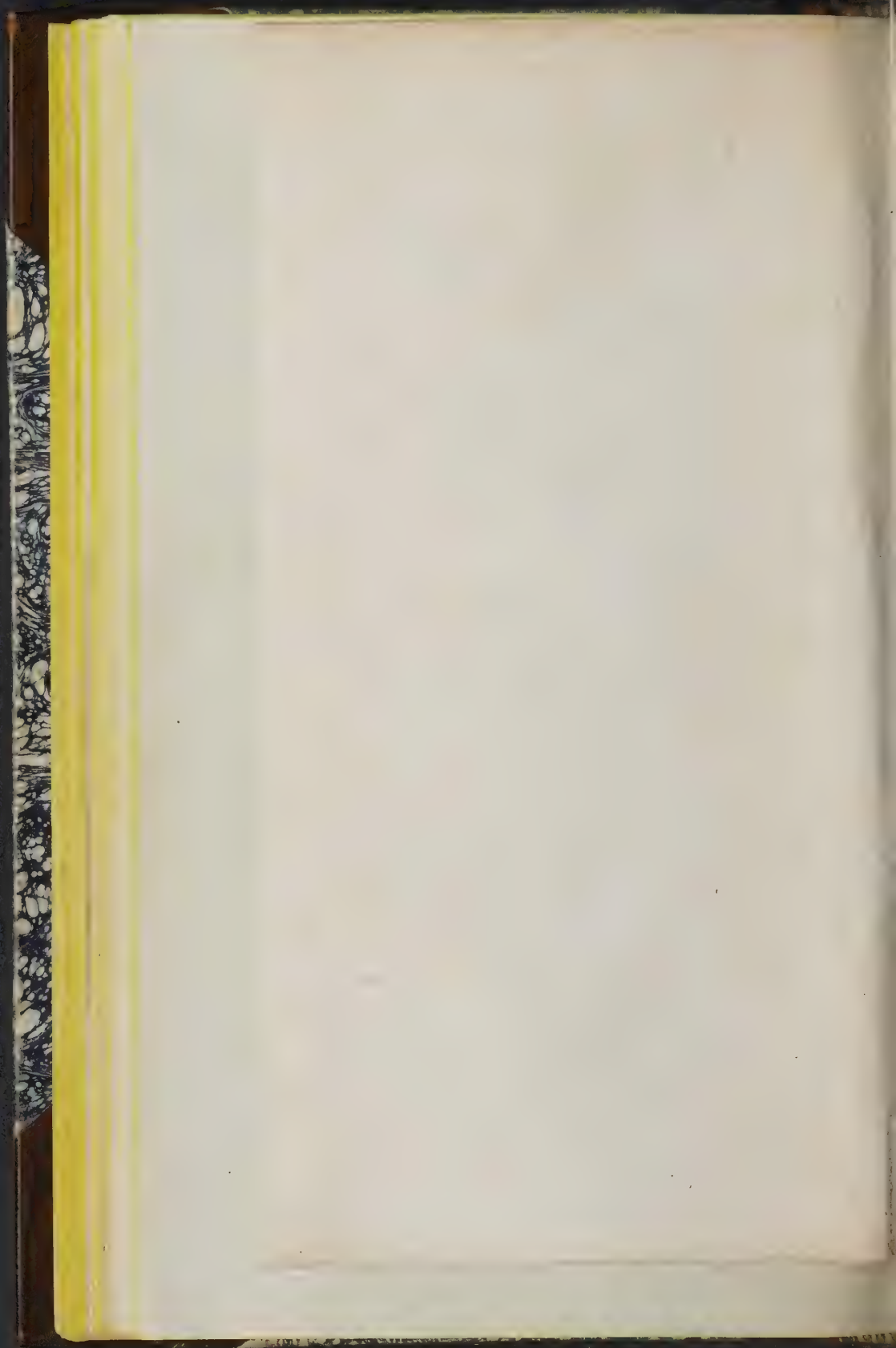
ful apprehensions lest their weapons employed in this business should destroy me also ; therefore I stood as near the centre as possible, for there was room enough for a dozen men in this creature's stomach, and I naturally imagined they would begin with the extremities : however, my fears were soon dispersed, for they began by opening the bottom of the belly. As soon as I perceived a glimmering of light, I called out lustily, to be released from a situation in which I was now almost suffocated. It is impossible for me to do justice to the degree and kind of astonishment which sat upon

every countenance at hearing a human voice issue from a fish, but more so at seeing a naked man walk upright out of his body *: in short, gentlemen, I told them the whole story, as I have done you, whilst amazement struck them dumb.

After taking some refreshment, and jumping into the sea to cleanse myself, I swam to my clothes, which lay where I had left them on the shore. As near as I can calculate, I was near four hours and a half confined in the stomach of this animal.

* See the plate.





C H A P. IX.

Adventures in Turkey, and upon the river Nile—Sees a balloon over Constantinople; shoots at, and brings it down: finds a French experimental philosopher suspended from it.—Goes on an embassy to Grand Cairo, and returns upon the Nile, where he is thrown into an unexpected situation, and detained six weeks.

WHEN I was in the service of the Turks, I frequently amused myself in a pleasure-barge on the Marmora, which commands a view of
the

the whole city of Constantinople, including the Grand Seignior's Seraglio. One morning, as I was admiring the beauty and serenity of the sky, I observed a globular substance in the air, which appeared to be about the size of a twelve-inch globe, with something suspended from it. I immediately took up my largest and longest barrel fowling piece, which I never travel or make even an excursion without, if I can help it: I charged it with ball, and fired at the globe; but to no purpose, the object being at too great a distance. I then put in a double quantity of powder, and five or six balls: this

second

second attempt succeeded ; all the balls took effect, and tore one side open, and brought it down. Judge my surprise, when a most elegant gilt car, with a man in it, and part of a sheep which seemed to have been roasted, fell within two yards of me : when my astonishment had in some degree subsided, I ordered my people to row close to this strange aerial traveller.

I took him on board my barge (he was a native of France) : he was much indisposed from his sudden fall into the sea, and incapable of speaking ; after some time, however, he recovered,
and

and gave the following account of himself, viz. “ About seven - or
 “ eight days since, I cannot tell which,
 “ for I have lost my reckoning, having been most of the time where
 “ the sun never sets, I ascended from
 “ the Land’s-end in Cornwall, in the
 “ island of GREAT BRITAIN, in the
 “ car from which I have been just
 “ taken, suspended from a very large
 “ balloon, and took a sheep with me, to
 “ try atmospheric experiments upon :
 “ unfortunately, the wind changed
 “ within ten minutes after my ascent ;
 “ and, instead of driving towards
 “ Exeter, where I intended to land, I
 “ was

“ was driven towards the sea, over
“ which I suppose I have continued
“ ever since, but much too high to
“ make observations.

“ The calls of hunger were so
“ pressing, that the intended experi-
“ ments upon heat and respiration
“ gave way to them. I was obliged,
“ on the third day, to kill the sheep for
“ food ; and being at that time infi-
“ nitely above the moon, and for up-
“ wards of sixteen hours after so very
“ near the sun that it scorched my
“ eye-brows, I placed the carcass,
“ taking care to skin it first, in that
“ part of the car where the sun had
“ sufficient

“ sufficient power, or, in other words,
 “ where the balloon did not shade it
 “ from the sun, by which method
 “ it was well roasted in about two
 “ hours. This has been my food
 “ ever since.” Here he paused, and
 seemed lost in viewing the objects
 about him. When I told him the
 buildings before us were the Grand
 Seignior’s Seraglio at Constantinople,
 he seemed exceedingly affected, as he
 had supposed himself in a very dif-
 ferent situation. “ The cause,” added
 he, “ of my long flight, was owing
 “ to the failure of a string which was
 “ fixed to a valve in the balloon, in-
 “ tended

“ tended to let out the inflammable
“ air ; and if it had not been fired
“ at, and rent in the manner before
“ mentioned, I might, like Mahomet,
“ have been suspended between hea-
“ ven and earth till doomsday.”

The Grand Seignior, to whom I was introduced by the Imperial, Russian, and French ambassadors, employed me to negotiate a matter of great importance at Grand Cairo, and which was of such a nature that it must ever remain a secret.

I went there in great state by land ; where having completed the business, I dismissed almost all my attendants, and

I returned

returned like a private gentleman : the weather was delightful, and that famous river the Nile was beautiful beyond all description ; in short, I was tempted to hire a barge, to descend by water to Alexandria. On the third day of my voyage the river began to rise most amazingly (you have all heard, I presume, of the annual overflowing of the Nile), and on the next day it spread the whole country for many leagues on each side ! On the fifth, at sun-rise, my barge became entangled with what I at first took for shrubs ; but as the light became stronger, I found myself surrounded

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by G. Kearsley, Fleet Street, London.

by almonds, which were perfectly ripe, and in the highest perfection *. Upon plumbing with a line, my people found we were at least sixty feet from the ground, and unable to advance or retreat. At about eight or nine o'clock, as near as I could judge by the altitude of the sun, the wind rose suddenly, and canted our barge on one side : here she filled, and I saw no more of her for some time. Fortunately we all saved ourselves (six men and two boys) by clinging to the tree, the boughs of which were equal to our weight, though not to that of the

* See the plate.

barge : in this situation we continued six weeks and three days, living upon the almonds ; I need not inform you we had plenty of water. On the forty-second day of our distress, the water fell as rapidly as it had risen, and on the forty-sixth we were able to venture down upon terra firma. Our barge was the first pleasing object we saw, about two hundred yards from the spot where she sunk. After drying every thing that was useful by the heat of the sun, and loading ourselves with necessaries from the stores on board, we set out to recover our lost ground ; and found, by the nearest calculation,

culatation, we had been carried over garden-walls, and variety of inclosures, above 150 miles. In four days, after a very tiresome journey on foot, with thin shoes, we reached the river, which was now confined to its banks, related our adventures to a Bey, who kindly accommodated all our wants, and sent us forward in a barge of his own. In six days more we arrived at Alexandria, where we took shipping for Constantinople. I was received kindly by the Grand Seignior, had the honour of seeing the seraglio, to which his highness introduced me himself, and

presented me with as many ladies, his wives not excepted, as I thought proper to select for my own amusement, and that of my friends also.

CHAP.

C H A P. X.

Pays a visit during the siege of Gibraltar to his old friend General Elliot.—Sinks a Spanish man of war.—Wakes an old woman on the African coast.—Destroys all the enemy's cannon; frightens the Count d'Artois, and sends him to Paris.—Saves the lives of two English spies with the identical sling that killed Goliath; and raises the siege.

DURING the late SIEGE of GIBRALTAR, I went with a provision-fleet under LORD RODNEY's command to see my old friend GENERAL ELLIOT,
 who

who has, by his distinguished defence of that place, acquired laurels that can never fade. After the usual joy which generally attends the meeting of old friends had subsided, I went to examine the state of the garrison, and view the operations of the enemy, for which purpose the General accompanied me. I had brought a most excellent refracting telescope with me from London, purchased of Dollond, by the help of which I found the enemy were going to discharge a thirty-six pounder at the spot where we stood. I told the General what they were about; he looked through the glass also,

also, and found my conjectures right. I immediately, by his permission, ordered a forty-eight pounder to be brought from a neighbouring battery, which I placed with so much exactness (having long studied the art of gunnery) that I was sure of my mark.

I continued watching the enemy till I saw the match placed at the touch-hole of their piece; at that very instant I gave the signal for our gun to be fired also. About midway between the two pieces of cannon, the balls struck each other with amazing force, and the effect was astonishing! The enemy's ball recoiled back with such violence

violence as to kill the man who had discharged it, by carrying his head fairly off, with sixteen others, which it met with in its progress to the BARBARY COAST; where its force, after passing through three masts of vessels that then lay in a line behind each other in the harbour, was so much spent, that it only broke its way through the roof of a poor labourer's hut, about two hundred yards inland, and destroyed the few teeth an old woman had left, who lay asleep upon her back with her mouth open. The ball lodged in her throat. Her husband soon after came home, and endeavoured to

extract

extract it; but finding that impracticable, by the assistance of a rammer he forced it into her stomach, from whence it was discharged downwards in a natural way. Our ball did excellent service; for it not only repelled the other in the manner just described; but proceeding as I intended it should, it dismounted the very piece of cannon that had been just employed against us, and forced it into the hold of the ship, where it fell with so much force as to break its way through the bottom. The ship immediately filled and sunk, with above a thousand Spanish sailors on board,

besides

besides a considerable number of soldiers. This, to be sure, was a most extraordinary exploit: I will not, however, take the whole merit to myself; my judgment was the principal engine, but chance assisted me a little; for I afterwards found, that the man who charged our forty-eight pounder put in, by mistake, a double quantity of powder, else we could never have succeeded so much beyond all expectation, especially in repelling the enemy's ball.

General Elliot would have given me a commission for this singular piece of service; but I declined every thing,
except

except his thanks, which I received at a crowded table of officers at supper on the evening of that very day.

As I am very partial to the English, who are beyond all doubt a brave people, I determined not to take my leave of the garrison till I had rendered them another piece of service, and in about three weeks an opportunity presented itself. I dressed myself in the habit of a *Popish Priest*, and at about one o'clock in the morning stole out of the garrison, passed the enemy's lines, and arrived in the middle of their camp, where I entered the tent in which the Prince d'Artois was,

K

with

with the commander in chief, and several other officers, in deep council, concerting a plan to storm the garrison next morning. My disguise was my protection; they suffered me to continue there, hearing every thing that passed, till they went to their several beds. When I found the whole camp, and even the sentinels, were wrapped up in the arms of Morpheus, I began my work, which was that of dismounting all their cannon (above three hundred pieces) from forty eight to twenty-four pounders, and throwing them three leagues into the sea. Having no assistance, I found this the hardest

hardest task I ever undertook, except swimming to the opposite shore with the famous Turkish piece of ordnance, described by Baron de TOTT in his Memoirs, which I shall hereafter mention. I then piled all the carriages together in the centre of the camp, which, to prevent the noise of the wheels being heard, I carried in pairs under my arms : and a noble appearance they made, as high at least as the rock of Gibraltar. I then lighted a match, by striking a flint stone, situated twenty feet from the ground (in an old wall, built by the Moors, when they invaded Spain), with the

breech of an iron eight-and-forty pounder, and so set fire to the whole pile. I forgot to inform you, that I threw all their ammunition waggons upon the top.

Before I applied the lighted match, I had laid the combustibles at the bottom, so judiciously, that the whole was in a blaze in a moment. To prevent suspicion, I was one of the first to express my surprise. The whole camp was, as you may imagine, petrified with astonishment; the general conclusion was, that their sentinels had been bribed, and that seven or eight regiments of the garrison had been employed

ployed in this horrid destruction of their artillery. Mr. Drinkwater, in his account of this famous siege, mentions the enemy sustaining a great loss by a fire which happened in their camp, but never knew the cause: how should he? as I never divulged it before (though I alone saved Gibraltar by this night's business), not even to General Elliott. The Count d'Artois and all his attendants ran away in their fright, and never stopped on the road till they reached Paris, which they did in about a fortnight: this dreadful conflagration had such an effect upon them, that they were incapable

of taking the least refreshment for three months after, but,ameleon-like, lived upon the air.

If any gentleman will say he doubts the truth of this story, I will fine him a gallon of brandy, and make him drink it at one draught.

About two months after I had done the besieged this service, one morning, as I sat at breakfast with General Elliott, a shell (for I had not time to destroy their mortars, as well as their cannon) entered the apartment we were sitting in; it lodged upon our

2

table.

table. The general, as most men would do, quitted the room directly; but I took it up before it burst, and carried it to the top of the rock; when looking over the enemy's camp, on an eminence near the sea-coast, I observed a considerable number of people, but could not, with my naked eye, discover how they were employed. I had recourse again to my telescope, when I found that two of our officers, one a general, the other a colonel, with whom I had spent the preceding evening, and who went out into the enemy's camp about midnight as spies, were taken, and then were actually
going

going to be executed on a gibbet. I found the distance too great to throw the shell with my hand ; but most fortunately recollecting that I had the very sling in my pocket which assisted David in slaying Goliath, I placed the shell in it, and immediately threw it in the midst of them : it burst as it fell, and destroyed all present, except the two culprits, who were saved by being suspended so high, for they were just turned off : however, one of the pieces of the shell flew with such force against the foot of the gibbet, that it immediately brought it down. Our two friends no sooner felt terra firma, than they

they looked about for the cause; and finding their guards, executioner and all, had taken it in their heads to die first, they directly extricated each other from their disgraceful cords; and then ran down to the sea-shore, seized a Spanish boat with two men in it, and made them row to one of our ships, which they did with great safety; and in a few minutes after, when I was relating to General Elliott how I had acted, they both took us by the hand, and, after mutual congratulations, we retired to spend the day with festivity.

CHAP. XI.

An interesting account of the Baron's ancestors.—A quarrel relative to the spot where Noah built his ark.—The history of the sling, and its properties.—A favourite poet introduced upon no very reputable occasion.—Queen Elizabeth's abstinence.—The Baron's father crosses from England to Holland, upon a marine horse, which he sells for seven hundred ducats.

YOU with (I can see by your countenances) I would inform you how I became possessed of such a treasure as
the

the sling just mentioned (Here facts must be held sacred). Thus then it was : I am a descendant of the wife of Uriah, whom we all know David was intimate with ; she had several children by his majesty : they quarrelled once upon a matter of the first consequence, viz. the spot where Noah's ark was built, and where it rested after the flood. A separation consequently ensued. She had often heard him speak of this sling, as his most valuable treasure : this she stole the night they parted ; it was missed before she got out of his dominions, and she was pursued by no less than six of the king's

king's body-guards: however, by using it herself, she hit the first of them (for one was more active in the pursuit than the rest) where David did Goliath, and killed him on the spot. His companions were so alarmed at his fall, that they retired, and left Uriah's wife to pursue her journey. She took with her, I should have informed you before, her favourite son by this connexion, to whom she bequeathed the sling; and thus it has, without interruption, descended from father to son till it came into my possession. One of its possessors, my great great great grandfather, who lived about two hundred
and

and fifty years ago, was upon a visit to England, and became intimate with a poet, who was a great deer-stealer; I think his name was Shakespeare: he frequently borrowed this sling, and with it killed so much of Sir Thomas Lucy's venison, that he narrowly escaped the fate of my two friends at Gibraltar. Poor Shakespeare was imprisoned, and my ancestor obtained his freedom in a very singular manner. Queen Elizabeth was then on the throne, but grown so indolent, that every trifling matter was become a trouble to her; dressing, undressing, eating, drinking, and some other of-

L

fices,

ices, which shall be nameless, made life a burthen to her : all these things he enabled her to do without, or by a deputy ! and what do you think was the only return she could prevail upon him to accept for such eminent services ?—Setting Shakespeare at liberty. Such was his affection for that famous writer, that he would have shortened his own days to add to the number of his friends.

I do not hear that any of the queen's subjects, particularly the *beef-eaters*, as they are vulgarly called to this day, however they might be struck with the novelty at the time,

much

much approved of her living totally without food. She did not survive the practice herself above seven years and a half.

My father, who was the immediate possessor of this sling before me, told me the following anecdote :

He was walking by the sea-shore at Harwich, with this sling in his pocket; before his paces had covered a mile, he was attacked by a fierce animal, called a sea-horse, open-mouthed, who ran at him with great fury; he hesitated a moment, then took out his sling, retreated back about a hundred yards, stooped for a couple of pebbles,

of which there were plenty under his feet, and flung them both so dexterously at the animal, that each stone put out an eye, and lodged in the cavities which their removal had occasioned. He now got upon his back, and drove him into the sea; for the moment he lost his sight he lost also his ferocity, and became as tame as possible: the sling was placed as a bridle in his mouth; he was guided with the greatest facility across the ocean, and in less than three hours they both arrived on the opposite shore, which is about thirty leagues. The master of the Three Cups, at
Helvoet-

Helvoetsluys, in Holland, purchased this marine horse to make an exhibition of, for seven hundred ducats, which was upwards of three hundred pounds; and the next day my father paid his passage back in the packet to Harwich.

☞ *My father made several curious observations in this passage, which I will relate hereafter.*

C H A P. XII.

The frolic; its consequences.—Windsor castle.—St. Paul's.—College of physicians, undertakers, sextons, &c. almost ruined.—Industry of the apothecaries.

The FROLIC.

THIS famous sling makes the possessor equal to any task he is desirous of performing.

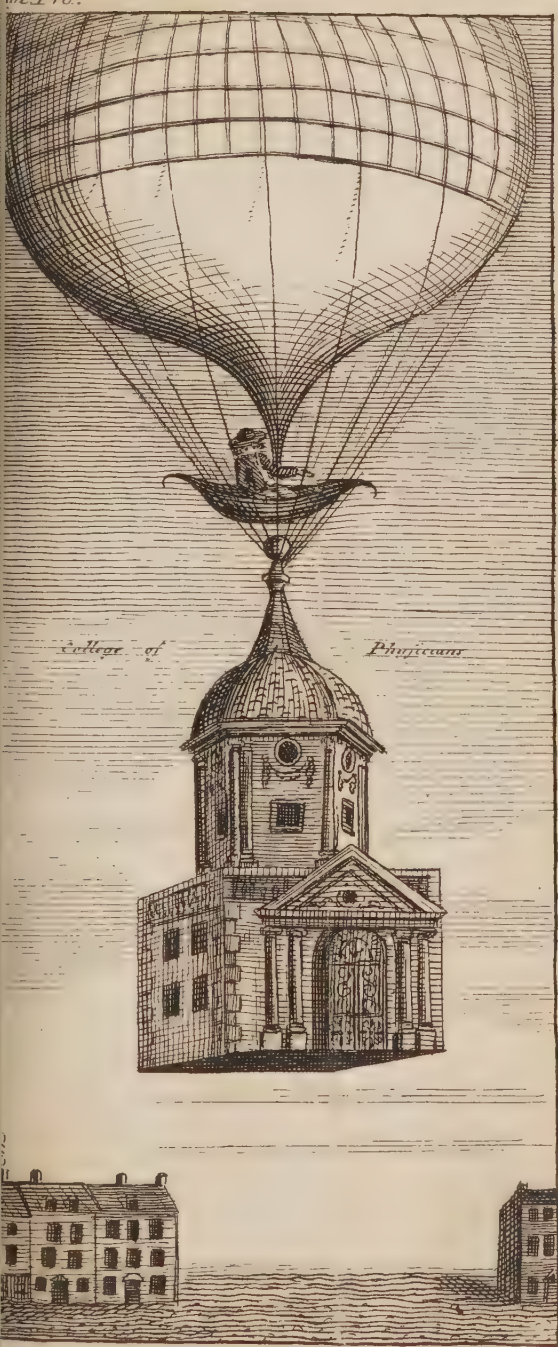
I made a balloon of such extensive dimensions, that an account of
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the filk it contained would exceed all credibility ; every mercer's shop and weaver's stock in London, Westminster, and Spital-fields, contributed to it : with this balloon and my sling I played many tricks, such as taking one house from its station, and placing another in its stead, without disturbing the inhabitants, who were generally asleep, or too much employed to observe the peregrinations of their habitations. When the sentinel at Windfor-castle heard St. Paul's clock strike thirteen, it was through my dexterity ; I brought the buildings nearly together that night, by placing the castle in

Saint

Saint George's Fields, and carried it back again before day-light, without waking any of the inhabitants: notwithstanding these exploits, I should have kept my balloon and its properties a secret, if Mongolfier had not made the art of flying so public.

On the 30th. of September, when the College of Physicians choose their annual officers, and dine sumptuously together, I filled my balloon, brought it over the dome of their building, clapped the sling round the golden ball at the top, fastening the other end of it to the balloon, and immediately ascended with the whole College to an



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Published as the Act directs by G. Kearsley,
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immense height*, where I kept them upwards of three months. You will naturally enquire what they did for food such a length of time? To this I answer, Had I kept them suspended twice the time, they would have experienced no inconvenience on that account, so amply, or rather extravagantly, had they spread their table for that day's feasting.

Though this was meant as an innocent frolic, it was productive of much mischief to several respectable characters amongst the clergy, undertakers, sextons,

* See the plate.

and

and grave-diggers; they were, it must be acknowledged, sufferers; for it is a well-known fact, that during the three months the college was suspended in the air, and therefore incapable of attending their patients, no deaths happened, except a few who fell before the scythe of father Time, and some melancholy objects who, perhaps to avoid some trifling inconvenience here, laid the hands of violence upon themselves, and plunged into misery infinitely greater than that which they hoped by such a rash step to avoid, without a moment's consideration.

If the apothecaries had not been very active during the above time, half the undertakers in all probability would have been bankrupts.

CHAP. XIII.

A TRIP TO THE NORTH.

The Baron sails with Captain Phipps, —attacks two large bears, and has a very narrow escape.—Gains the confidence of these animals, and then destroys thousands of them; loads the ship with their hams and skins; makes presents of the former, and obtains a general invitation to all city feasts.—A dispute between the Captain and the Baron, in which, from motives of politeness, the Captain is suffered to gain his point.—The Baron declines the honour of a throne, and an empress into the bargain.

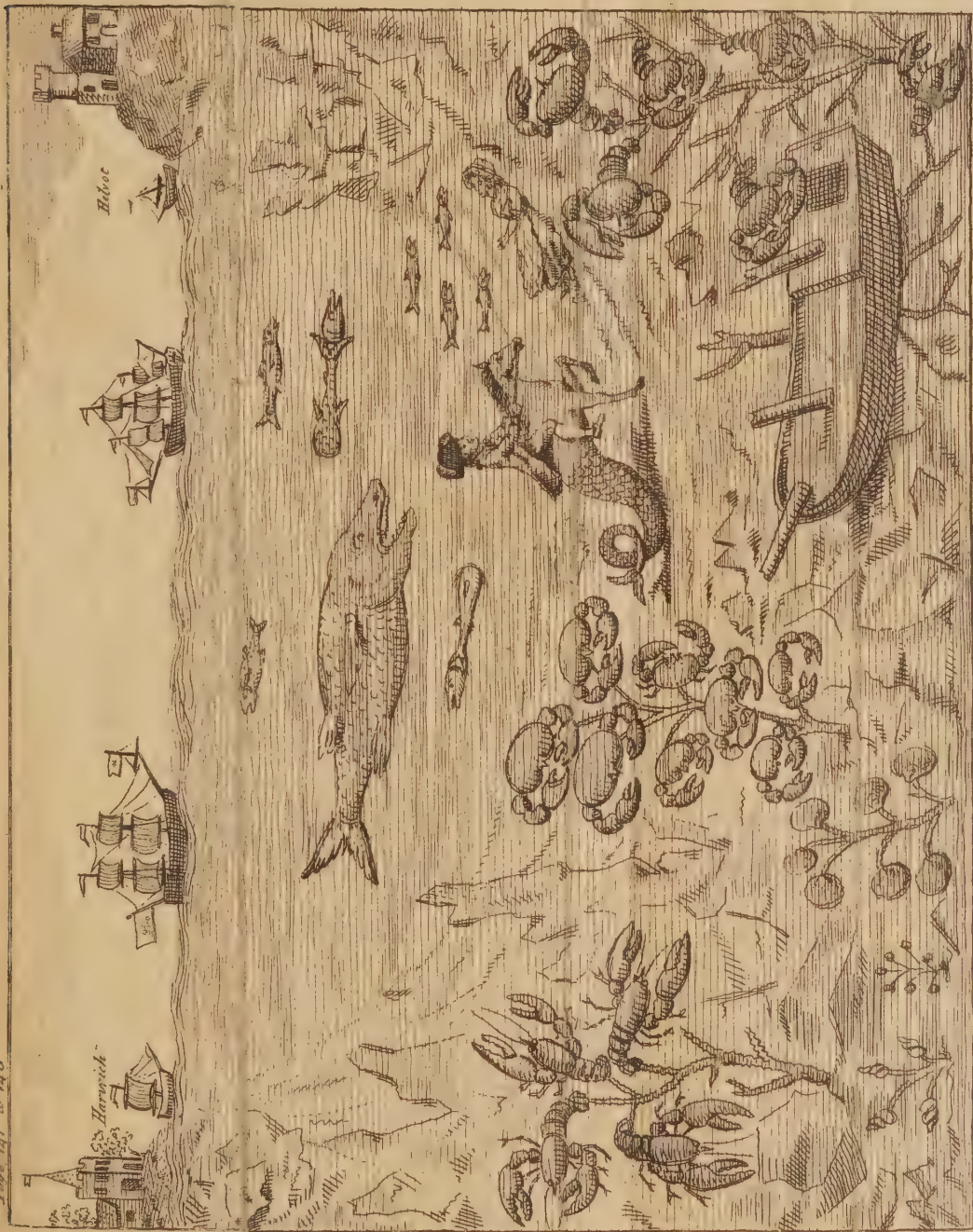
WE all remember Capt. Phipps's (now Lord Mulgrave) last voyage of discovery

discovery to the North. I accompanied the captain, not as an officer, but a private friend. When we arrived in a high northern latitude, I was viewing the objects around me with the telescope, which I introduced to your notice in my Gibraltar adventures. I thought I saw two large white bears in violent action upon a body of ice considerably above the masts, and about half a league distance. I immediately took my carbine, slung it across my shoulder, and ascended the ice. When I arrived at the top, the unevenness of the surface made my approach to those animals

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trouble-

troublesome and hazardous beyond expression: sometimes hideous cavities opposed me, which I was obliged to spring over; in other parts the surface was as smooth as a mirror, and I was continually falling: as I approached near enough to reach them, I found they were only at play. I immediately began to calculate the value of their skins, for they were each as large as a well-fed ox: unfortunately, at the very instant I was presenting my carbine, my right-foot slipped, I fell upon my back, and the violence of the blow deprived me totally of my senses for near half an hour; however, when



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I recovered, judge of my surprise at finding one of those large animals I have been just describing, had turned me upon my face, and was just laying hold of the waistband of my breeches, which were then new, and made of leather : he was certainly going to carry me feet foremost, God knows where, when I took this knife (shewing a large clasp knife) out of my side-pocket, made a chop at one of his hind feet, and cut off three of his toes; he immediately let me drop, and roared most horridly. I took up my carbine, and fired at him as he ran off; he fell directly. The noise of the piece roused

several thousands of these white bears, who were asleep upon the ice within half a mile of me; they came immediately to the spot. There was no time to be lost. A most fortunate thought arrived in my pericranium just at that instant. I took off the skin and head of the dead bear in half the time that some people would be in skinning a rabbit, and wrapped myself in it, placing my own head directly under Bruin's; the whole herd came round me immediately, and my apprehensions threw me in a most piteous situation, to be sure: however, my scheme turned out a most admirable one for
my

my own safety. They all came smelling, and evidently took me for a brother Bruin ; I wanted nothing but bulk to make an excellent counterfeit : however, I saw several cubs amongst them, not much larger than myself. After they had all smelt me, and the body of their deceased companion, whose skin was now become my protector, we seemed very sociable, and I found I could mimic all their actions tolerably well ; but at growling, roaring, or hugging, they were quite my masters. I began now to think how I might turn the general

confidence which I had created amongst these animals to my advantage.

I had heard an old army surgeon say, a wound in the spine was instant death. I now determined to try the experiment, and had again recourse to my knife, with which I stuck the largest in the back of the neck, near the shoulders, but under great apprehensions, not doubting but the creature would, if he survived the stab, tear me to pieces. However, I was remarkably fortunate; for he fell dead at my feet, without making the least noise. I was now resolved to demolish them every one in the same manner,

ner, which I accomplished without the least difficulty; for though they saw their companions fall, they had no suspicion of either the cause or the effect. When they all lay dead before me, I felt myself a second Sampson, having slain my thousands.

To make short of the story, I went back to the ship, and borrowed three parts of the crew, to assist me in skinning them, and carrying the hams on board, which we did in a few hours, and loaded the ship with them. As to the other parts of the animals, they were thrown into the sea, though I doubt not but the whole would eat as well

well as the legs, were they properly cured.

As soon as we returned, I sent some of the hams, in the captain's name, to the lords of the Admiralty, others to the lords of the Treasury, some to the lord-mayor and corporation of London, a few to each of the trading companies, and the remainder to my particular friends, from all of whom I received warm thanks; but from the city I was honoured with substantial notice, viz. an invitation to dine at Guildhall annually on Lord Mayor's Day.

The bear-skins I sent to the Em-
press

press of Russia, to clothe her majesty and her court in the winter, for which she wrote me a letter of thanks with her own hand, and sent it by an ambassador extraordinary, inviting me to share the honours of her bed and crown ; but, as I never was ambitious of royal dignity, I declined her majesty's favour in the politest terms. The same ambassador had orders to wait and bring my answer to her majesty *personally*, upon which business he was absent about three months : her majesty's reply convinced me of the strength of her affection, and the dignity of her mind ; her late indisposition

position was entirely owing (as she, kind creature ! was pleased to express herself in a late conversation with the prince Dolgoroucki) to my cruelty. What the sex see in me I cannot conceive, but the Empress is not the only female sovereign who has offered me her hand.

Some people have very illiberally reported, that Captain Phipps did not proceed as far as he might have done upon that expedition. Here it becomes my duty to acquit him ; our ship was in very proper trim, till I loaded it with such an immense quantity of bear-skins and
hams,

hams, after which it would have been madness to have attempted to proceed further, as we were now scarcely able to combat a brisk gale, much less those mountains of ice which lay in the higher latitudes.

The captain has since often expressed a dissatisfaction that he had no share in the honours of that day, which he emphatically called the *bear-skin day*. He has also been very desirous of knowing by what art I destroyed so many thousands, without fatigue or danger to myself : indeed, he is so ambitious of dividing the glory with me, that we have actually quarrelled
about

about it, and we are not now upon speaking terms. He boldly asserts I had no merit in deceiving the bears, because I was covered with one of their skins ; nay, he declares there is not, in his opinion, in Europe, so complete a bear naturally, as himself, among the human species.

He is now a noble peer, and I am too well acquainted with good manners to dispute so delicate a point with his lordship.

C H A P. XIV.

Our Baron excels Baron Tott beyond all comparison; yet fails in part of his attempt.—Gets into disgrace with the Grand Seignior, who orders his head to be cut off.—Escapes, and gets on board a vessel, in which he is carried to Venice.—Baron Tott's origin, with some account of that great man's parents.—Pope Ganganelli's amour.—His Holiness fond of shell-fish.

BARON de Tott, in his Memoirs, makes as great a parade of a single act, as many travellers whose whole lives have been spent in seeing the

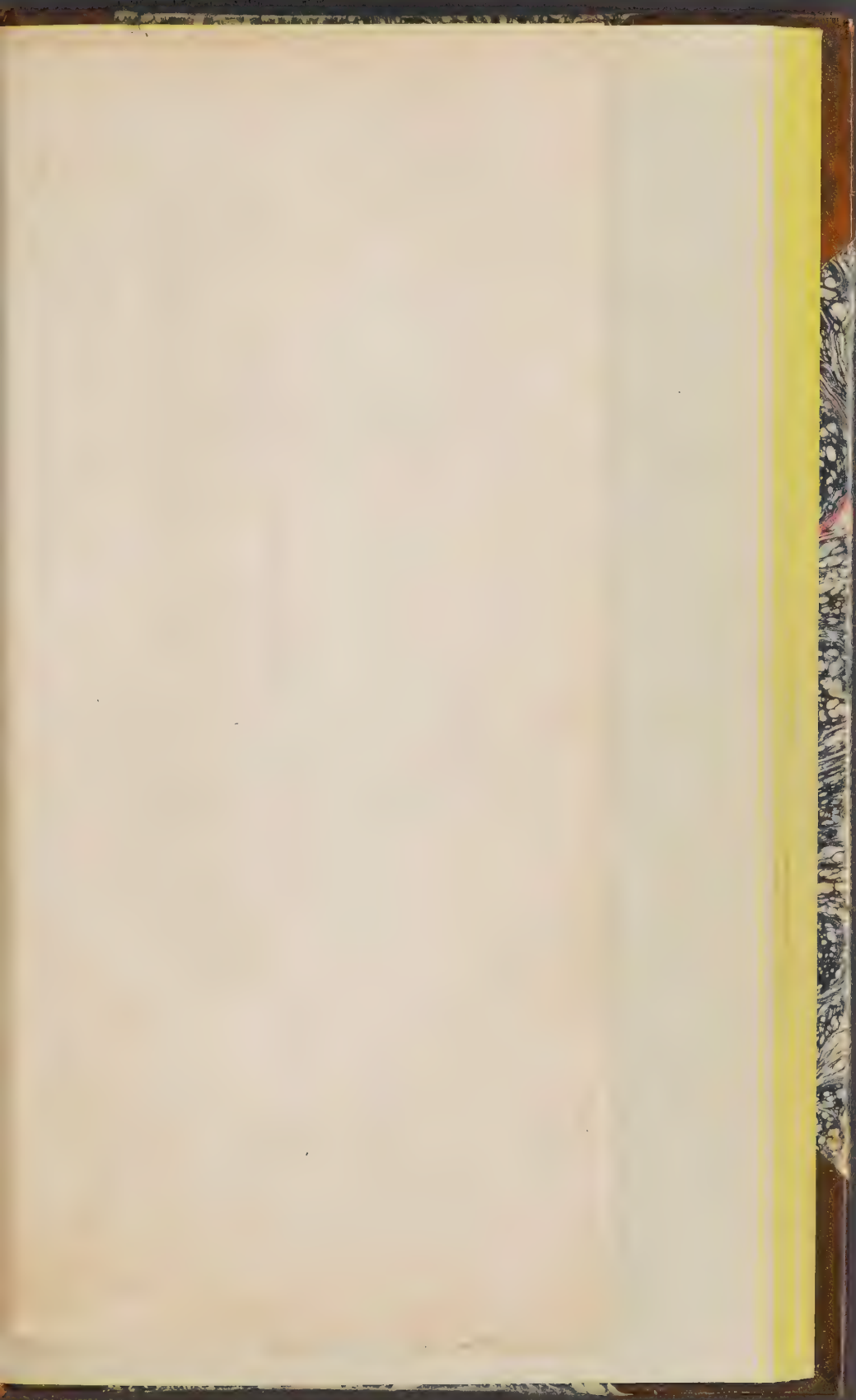
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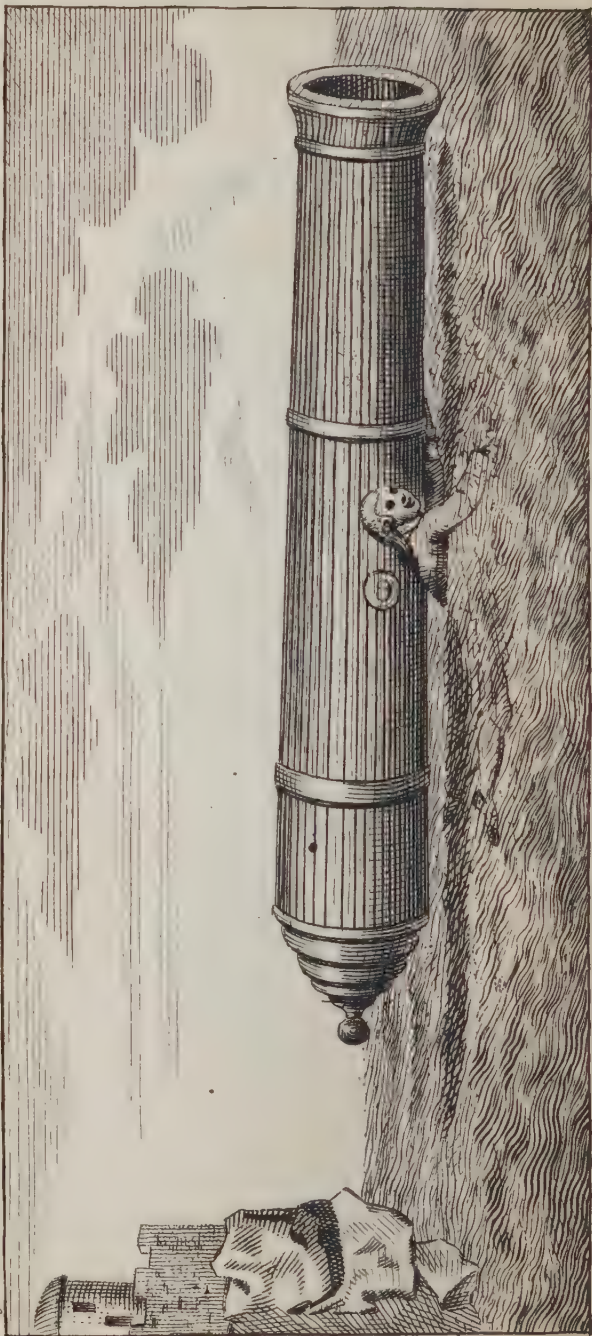
different parts of the globe ; for my part, if I had been blown from Europe to Asia, from the mouth of a cannon, I should have boasted less of it afterwards than he has done of only firing off a Turkish piece of ordnance. What he says of this wonderful gun, as near as my memory will serve me, is this : “ *The Turks had placed below*
“ *the castle, and near the city, on the*
“ *banks of SIMOIS, a celebrated river,*
“ *an enormous piece of ordnance, cast in*
“ *brass, which would carry a marble*
“ *ball of ELEVEN HUNDRED POUNDS*
“ *weight. I was inclined, says Tott,*
“ *to fire it, but I was willing first to*
“ *judge*

“ judge of its effect ; the crowd about
 “ me trembled at this proposal, as they
 “ asserted it would overthrow not only
 “ the castle, but the city also : at length
 “ their fears in part subsided, and I was
 “ permitted to discharge it. It required
 “ not less than THREE HUNDRED AND
 “ THIRTY POUNDS WEIGHT OF POW-
 “ DER ; and the ball weighed, as be-
 “ fore mentioned, ELEVEN HUNDRED
 “ WEIGHT. When the engineer brought
 “ the priming, the crowds who were
 “ about me retreated back as fast as they
 “ could ; nay, it was with the utmost dif-
 “ ficulty I persuaded the PACHA, who
 “ came on purpose, there was no danger :

“ even the engineer, who was to discharge
 “ it by my direction, was considerably
 “ alarmed. I took my stand on some
 “ stone-work behind the cannon, gave
 “ the signal, and felt a shock like that
 “ of an EARTHQUAKE ! At the distance
 “ of three hundred fathom, the ball
 “ burst into three pieces ; the fragments
 “ crossed the Strait, rebounded on the
 “ opposite mountain, and left the surface
 “ of the water all in a foam, through the
 “ whole breadth of the channel.”

This, gentlemen, is, as near as I
 can recollect, BARON TOTT’S account
 of the largest cannon in the known
 world. Now, when I was there not
 long





long since, the anecdote of TOTT's firing this tremendous piece was mentioned as a proof of that gentleman's extraordinary courage.

I was determined not to be outdone by a Frenchman ; therefore took this very piece upon my shoulder, and, after balancing it properly, jumped into the sea with it, and swam to the opposite shore, from whence I unfortunately attempted to throw it back into its former place : I say unfortunately, for it slipped a little in my hand, just as I was going to discharge it, and in consequence of that, it fell into the middle of the channel, where it now lies, without a prospect of ever

recovering it ; and, notwithstanding the high favour I was in with the Grand Seignior, as before mentioned, this cruel Turk, as soon as he heard of the loss of his famous piece of ordnance, issued an order to cut off my head. I was immediately informed of it by one of the Sultanas, with whom I was become a great favourite, and she secreted me in her apartment while the officer charged with my execution was, with his assistants, in search of me.

That very night I made my escape on board a vessel bound to Venice, which was then weighing anchor to proceed on her voyage.

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The last story, gentlemen, I am not fond of mentioning, as I miscarried in the attempt, and was very near losing my life into the bargain: however, as it contains no impeachment of my honour, I would not withhold it from you.

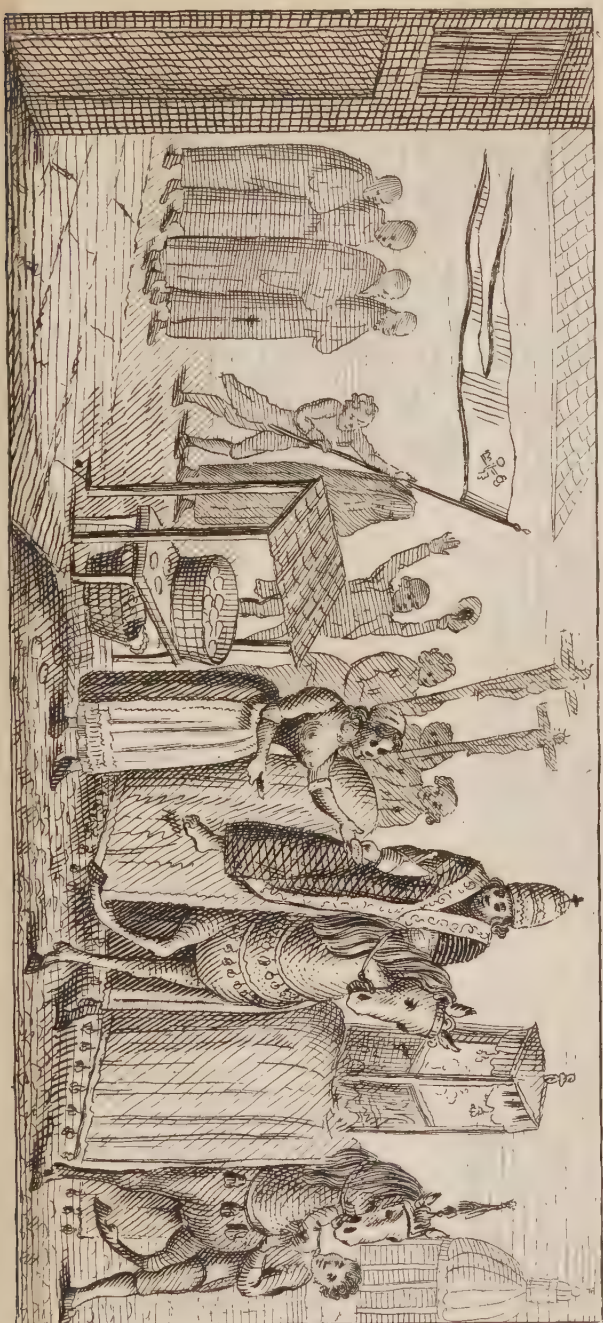
Now, gentlemen, you all know me, and can have no doubt of my veracity. I will entertain you with the origin of this same swagging, bouncing TOTT.

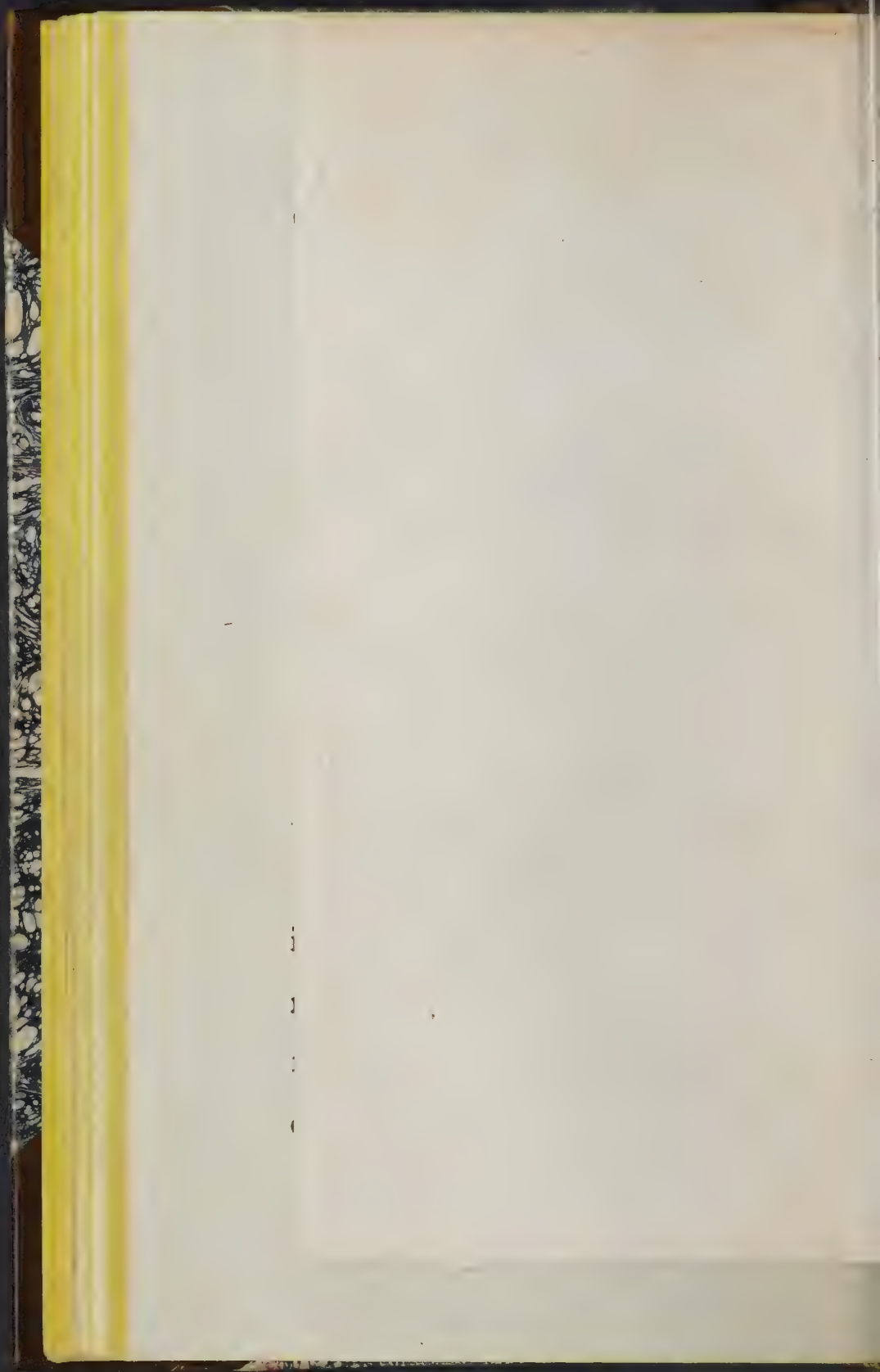
His reputed father was a native of Berne, in Switzerland; his profession was that of a surveyor of the streets, lanes, and alleys, vulgarly called a
scavenger.

scavenger. His mother was a native of the mountains of Savoy, and had a most beautiful large wen on her neck, common to both sexes in that part of the world; she left her parents when young, and sought her fortune in the same city which gave his father birth: she maintained herself while single by acts of kindness to our sex, for she never was known to refuse them any favour they asked, provided they did but pay her some compliment before hand. This lovely couple met by accident in the street, in consequence of their being both intoxicated; for, by reeling to one centre, they
threw

threw each other down ; this created mutual abuse, in which they were complete adepts ; they were both carried to the watch-house, and afterwards to the house of correction ; they soon saw the folly of quarrelling, made it up, became fond of each other, and married : but madam returning to her old tricks, his father, who had high notions of honour, soon separated himself from her ; she then joined a family who strolled about with a puppet-shew. In time she arrived at Rome, where she kept an oyster-stand. You have all heard, no doubt, of POPE GANGANELLI, commonly called Clement

Clement XIV. he was remarkably fond of oysters. One Good-Friday, as he was passing through this famous city in state, to assist at high-mass at St. Peter's church, he saw this woman's oysters, (which were remarkably fine and fresh); he could not proceed without tasting them; there were above five thousand people in his train; he ordered them all to stop, and sent word to the church he could not attend mass till next day; then alighting from his horse (for the Pope always rides on horseback upon these occasions) he went into her stall, and ate every oyster she had there, and afterwards





wards retired into the cellar, where she had a few more. This subterraneous apartment was her kitchen, parlour, and bedchamber. He liked his situation so much, that he discharged all his attendants, and, to make short of the story, His HOLINESS passed the whole night with her! Before they parted, he gave her full absolution, not only for every sin she had, but all she might hereafter commit.

Now, gentlemen, I have his mother's word for it, (and her honour cannot be doubted) that Baron Tott is the fruit of that amour. When Tott was born, his mother applied to His Holiness, as the father

father of her child : he immediately placed him under proper people ; and as he grew up, gave him a gentleman's education, had him taught the use of arms, procured him promotion in France, and a title, and when he died he left him a good estate.

C H A P. XV.

A further account of the journey from Harwich to Helvoetsluys.—Description of a number of marine objects, never mentioned by any traveller before.—Rocks seen in this passage, equal to the Alps in magnitude : Lobsters, Crabs, &c. of an extraordinary magnitude.—A woman's life saved.—The cause of her falling into the sea.—Dr. Hawes's directions followed with success.

I Omitted several very material parts of my father's journey across the English channel to Holland, which, that

O they

they may not be totally lost, I will now faithfully give you in his own words, as I heard him relate them to his friends several times.

“ On my arrival,” says my father,
 “ at Helvoetfluys, I was observed
 “ to breathe with some difficulty :
 “ upon the inhabitants inquiring in-
 “ to the cause, I informed them, that
 “ the animal upon whose back I rode
 “ from Harwich across to their shore
 “ did not swim ! such is their pecu-
 “ liar form and disposition, that they
 “ cannot float or move upon the
 “ surface of the water : he ran with
 “ incredible swiftness upon the sands,
 “ from

“ from shore to shore, driving fish in
 “ millions before him, many of which
 “ were quite different from any I had
 “ yet seen, carrying their heads at the
 “ extremity of their tails. I crossed,”
 continued he, “ one prodigious range
 “ of rocks, equal in height to the
 “ Alps *, on the sides of which there
 “ were a great variety of tall, noble
 “ trees, loaded with marine fruit, such
 “ as lobsters, crabs, oysters, scollops,
 “ muscles, cockles, &c. &c. some of
 “ which were a cart-load singly! and
 “ none less than a porter’s! All those

* The tops or highest parts of these marine mountains are said to be upwards of one hundred fathoms below the surface of the sea.

“ which are brought on shore, and sold
 “ in our markets, are of an inferior
 “ dwarf kind, or properly waterfalls,
 “ *i. e.* fruit shook off the branches
 “ of the tree it grows upon by the
 “ motion of the water, as those in
 “ our gardens are by that of the
 “ wind ! The lobster-trees appeared
 “ the richest, but the crab and oysters
 “ were the tallest. The periwinkle
 “ is a kind of shrub; it grows at the
 “ foot of the oyster-tree, and twines
 “ round it, as the ivy does the oak.
 “ I observed the effects of several ac-
 “ cidents by shipwreck, &c. particu-
 “ larly a ship that had been wrecked
 “ by

“ by striking against a mountain or
 “ rock, the top of which lay within
 “ three fathoms of the surface. As
 “ she sunk, she fell upon her side, and
 “ forced a very large lobster-tree out
 “ of its place. It was in the spring,
 “ when the lobsters were very young;
 “ and many of them being separated
 “ by the violence of the shock, they
 “ fell upon a crab-tree, which was
 “ growing below them; they have,
 “ like the farina of plants, united,
 “ and produced a fish resembling both.
 “ I endeavoured to bring one with
 “ me, but it was too cumbersome,
 “ and my salt-water Pegasus seemed

“ much displeased at every attempt
 “ to stop his career whilst I continued
 “ upon his back ; besides, I was then,
 “ though galloping over a mountain
 “ of rocks that lay about midway the
 “ passage, at least five hundred fathom
 “ below the surface of the sea, and
 “ began to find the want of air in-
 “ convenient ; therefore I had no in-
 “ clination to prolong the time. Add
 “ to this, my situation was in other
 “ respects very unpleasant : I met
 “ many large fish, who were, if I
 “ could judge by their open mouths,
 “ not only able, but really wished to
 “ devour us ; now, as my Rosinante

“ was blind, I had these hungry gen-
“ tlemen’s attempts to guard against,
“ in addition to my other difficulties.

“ As we drew near the Dutch
“ shore, and the body of water over
“ our heads did not exceed twenty
“ fathoms, I thought I saw a human
“ figure in a female dress then ly-
“ ing on the sand before me*, with
“ some signs of life: when I came
“ close, I perceived her hand move;
“ I took it into mine, and brought
“ her on shore as a corpse. An apo-
“ thecary, who had just been instructed

* See the plate.

“ by

“ by Dr. Hawes*, of London, treated
 “ her properly, and she recovered. She
 “ was the rib of a man who com-
 “ manded a vessel belonging to Hel-
 “ voetsluys. He was just going out of
 “ port on a voyage, when she, hear-
 “ ing he had got a mistress with
 “ him, followed him in an open boat.
 “ As soon as she had got on the
 “ quarter-deck, she flew at her hus-
 “ band, and attempted to strike him
 “ with such impetuosity, that he
 “ thought it most prudent to slip on
 “ one side, and let her make the im-

* The Baron's father must have lived very lately,
 if Dr. Hawes was his preceptor.

“ preffion

“ preſſion of her fingers upon the
“ waves rather than his face : he was
“ not much out in his ideas of the
“ conſequence ; for meeting no oppo-
“ ſition, ſhe went directly overboard,
“ and it was my unfortunate lot to
“ lay the foundation for bringing this
“ happy pair together again.

“ I can eaſily conceive what exc-
“ crations the huſband loaded me
“ with, when, upon his return, he
“ found this gentle creature waiting
“ his arrival, and learned the means
“ by which ſhe came into the world
“ again. However, great as the in-
“ jury is which I have done this poor
“ devil,

“ devil, I hope he will die in charity
“ with me, as my motive was good,
“ though the consequences to him
“ are, it must be confessed, horrible.”

CHAP.

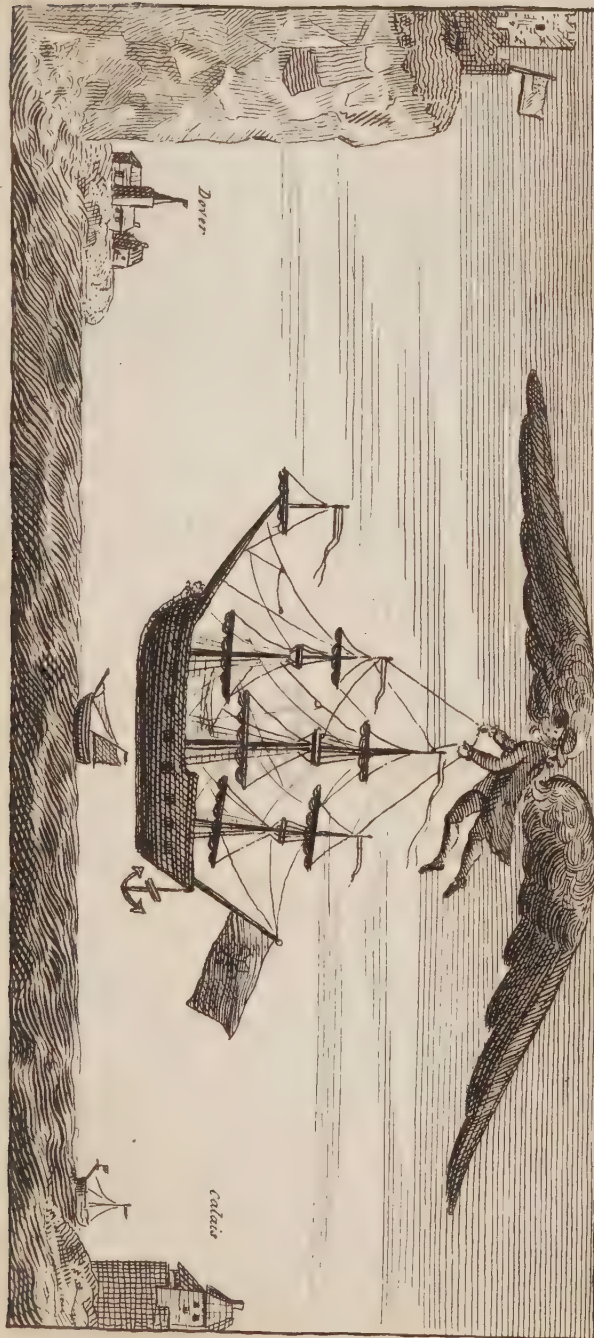
C H A P. XVI.

This is a very short chapter, but contains a fact for which the Baron's memory ought to be dear to every Englishman, especially those who may hereafter have the misfortune of being made prisoners of war.

ON my return from Gibraltar, I travelled by way of France to England. Being a foreigner, this was not attended with any inconvenience to me. I found in the harbour of Calais a ship just arrived, with a number of English sailors, as prisoners of war. I immediately conceived an idea of
giving

giving these brave fellows their liberty, which I accomplished as follows.—After forming a pair of large wings, each of them forty yards long, and fourteen wide, and annexing them to myself, I mounted at break of day, when every creature, even the watch upon deck, was fast asleep. As I hovered over the ship, I fastened three grappling irons to the tops of the three masts, with my sling, and fairly lifted her several yards out of the water, and then proceeded across to Dover*, where I arrived in half an hour! Having no further occasion

* See the plate.



71. 3 2 1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 10. 11. 12. 13. 14. 15. 16. 17. 18. 19. 20. 21. 22. 23. 24. 25. 26. 27. 28. 29. 30. 31. 32. 33. 34. 35. 36. 37. 38. 39. 40. 41. 42. 43. 44. 45. 46. 47. 48. 49. 50. 51. 52. 53. 54. 55. 56. 57. 58. 59. 60. 61. 62. 63. 64. 65. 66. 67. 68. 69. 70. 71. 72. 73. 74. 75. 76. 77. 78. 79. 80. 81. 82. 83. 84. 85. 86. 87. 88. 89. 90. 91. 92. 93. 94. 95. 96. 97. 98. 99. 100.

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for these wings, I made them a present to the governor of Dover Castle, where they are now exhibited to the curious.

As to the prisoners, and the Frenchmen who guarded them, they did not awake till they had been near two hours on Dover Pier. The moment the Englishmen understood their situation, they changed places with their guard, and took back what they had been plundered of, *but no more*; for they were too generous to retaliate, and plunder them in return.

C H A P. XVII.

Voyage eastward.—The Baron introduces a friend, who never deceived him; wins an hundred guineas by pinning his faith upon that friend's nose.—Game started at sea.—Some other circumstances, which will, it is hoped, afford the Reader no small degree of amusement.

IN a voyage which I made to the East Indies with Captain Hamilton, I took a favourite pointer with me; he was, to use a common phrase, worth his weight in gold, for he never deceived

ceived me. One day when we were, by the best observations we could make, at least three hundred leagues from land, my dog pointed: I observed him for near an hour with astonishment, and mentioned the circumstance to the captain and every officer on board, asserting, that we must be near land, for my dog smelt game. This occasioned a general laugh; but that did not alter in the least the good opinion I had of my dog. After much conversation pro and con, I boldly told the captain, I placed more confidence in TRAY's nose, than I did in the eyes of every seaman on board;

and therefore boldly proposed laying the sum I had agreed to pay for my passage (viz. one hundred guineas), that we should find game within half an hour. The captain (a good hearty fellow) laughed again, desired Mr. Crawford the surgeon, who was present, to feel my pulse: he did so, and reported me in perfect health. The following dialogue between them took place; I overheard it, though spoken low, and at some distance.

Captain. His brain is turned; I cannot with honour accept his wager.

Surgeon. I am of a different opinion; he is quite sane, and depends
more

more upon the scent of his dog, than he will upon the judgment of all the officers on board : he will certainly lose, and he richly merits it.

Captain. Such a wager cannot be fair on my side ; however, I'll take him up, if I return his money afterwards.

During the above conversation, Tray continued in the same situation, and confirmed me still more in my former opinion. I proposed the wager a second time ; it was then accepted.

Done ! and Done ! were scarcely said on both sides, when some sailors who were fishing in the long-boat, which

was made fast to the stern of the ship, harpooned an exceeding large shark, which they brought on board, and began to cut up for the purpose of barrelling the oil, when, behold, they found no less than *six brace of live partridges* in this animal's stomach !

They had been so long in that situation, that one of the hens was sitting upon four eggs, and a fifth was hatching, when the shark was opened * !!!

* This young bird we brought up, by placing it with a litter of kittens that came into the world a few minutes before ! The old cat was as fond of it as any of her own four-legged progeny, and made herself very unhappy when it flew out of her reach till it returned again. As to the other partridges,

there

there were four hens amongst them : one or more were, during the voyage, constantly sitting, and consequently we had plenty of game at the Captain's table ; and in gratitude to poor Tray (for being a means of winning one hundred guineas), I ordered him the bones daily, and sometimes a whole bird.

C H A P. XVIII.

A second visit (but an accidental one) to the moon.—The ship driven by a whirlwind a thousand leagues above the surface of the water, where a new atmosphere meets them, and carries them into a capacious harbour in the moon.—A description of the inhabitants, and their manner of coming into the lunarian world. — Animals, customs, weapons of war, wines, vegetables, &c.

A SECOND TRIP TO THE MOON.

I HAVE already informed you of one trip I made to the moon, in search of my silver hatchet: I afterwards made
another

another in a much pleasanter manner, and staid in it long enough to take notice of several things, which I will endeavour to describe as accurately as my memory will permit.

I went on a voyage of discovery, at the request of a distant relation, who had a strange notion that there were people to be found equal in magnitude to those described by Gulliver in the empire of BROBDIGNAG. For my part I always treated that account as fabulous; however, to oblige him, for he had made me his heir, I undertook it, and sailed for the South Seas, where we arrived without meeting with
any.

any thing remarkable, except some flying men and women, who were playing at leap-frog, and dancing minuets in the air.

On the eighteenth day after we had passed the island of Otaheité, mentioned by Captain Cook as the place from whence they brought Omai, a hurricane blew our ship at least one thousand leagues above the surface of the water, and kept it at that height till a fresh gale arising, filled the sails in every part, and onwards we travelled at a prodigious rate: thus we proceeded above the clouds for six weeks. At last we discovered a great
land

land in the sky, like a shining island, round and bright; where coming into a convenient harbour, we went on shore, and soon found it was inhabited. Below us we saw another earth, containing cities, trees, mountains, rivers, seas, &c. which we conjectured was this world which we had left. Here we saw huge figures riding upon vultures of a prodigious size, and each of them having three heads. To form some idea of the magnitude of these birds, I must inform you, that each of their wings are as wide, and six times the length of the main-sheet of our vessel, which was about six hundred

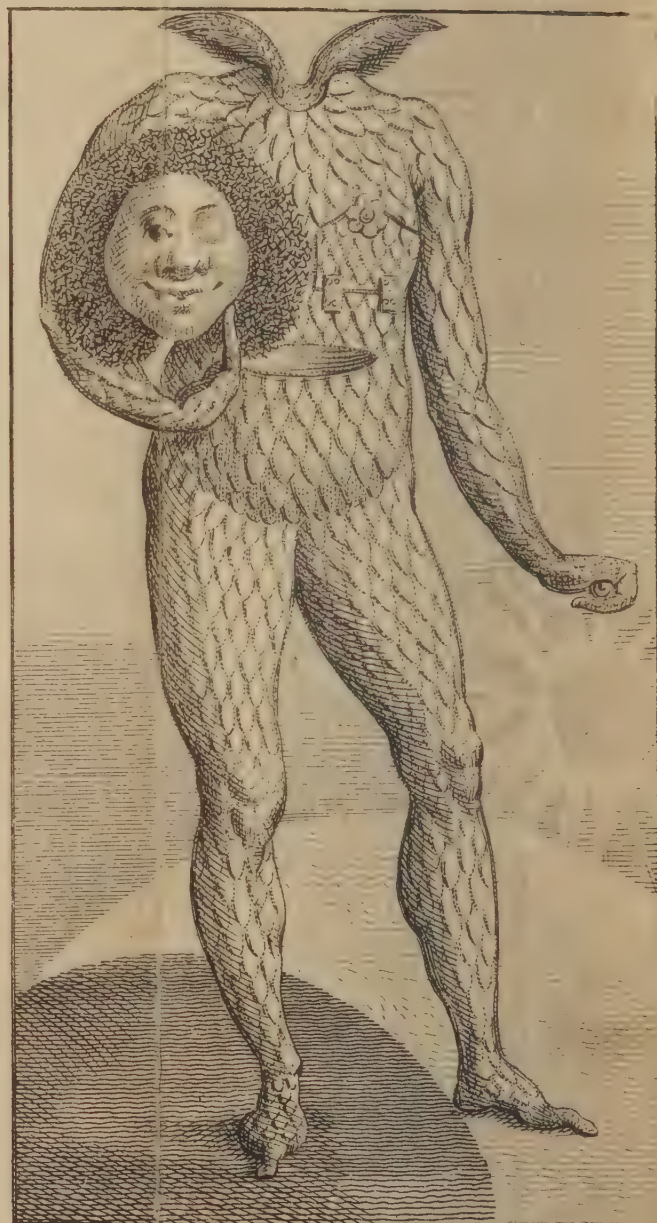
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tons burthen. Thus, instead of riding upon horses, as we do in this world, the inhabitants of the Moon (for we now found we were in madam Luna) fly about on these birds. The king we found was engaged in a war with the SUN, and he offered me a commission, but I declined the honour his majesty intended me.

Every thing in *this* world is of extraordinary magnitude ; a common flea being much larger than one of our sheep : in making war, their principal weapons are radishes, which are used as darts; those who are wounded by them, die immediately. Their
 2 shields



An Inhabitant of the DOG STAR.
See Page 163.



An Inhabitant of the MOON.
See Page 169.

MUNCHAUSEN'S TRAVELS.

Published as the Act directs, July 18th 1786, by G. Kearsley, N^o 46, in Fleet Street, London.

fields are made of mushrooms, and their darts (when radishes are out of season) of the tops of asparagus. Some of the natives of the dog-star are to be seen here ; commerce tempts them to ramble : their faces are like large mastiffs, with their eyes near the lower end or tip of their noses ; they have no eye-lids, but cover their eyes with the end of their tongues when they go to sleep : they are generally twenty feet high. As to the natives of the Moon, none of them are less in stature than thirty-six feet ; they are not called the human species, but the cooking animals, for they all dress

Q

their

their food by fire, as we do, but lose no time at their meals, as they open their left side, and place the whole quantity at once in their stomach, then shut it again till the same day in the next month; for they never indulge themselves with food more than twelve times in a year, or once a month. All but gluttons and epicures must prefer this method to ours.

There is but one sex either of the cooking or any other animals in the Moon; they are all produced from trees of various sizes and foliage: that which produces the cooking animal, or human species, is much more

beautiful than any of the others; it has large straight boughs, and flesh-coloured leaves, and the fruit it produces are nuts or pods, with hard shells, at least two yards long: when they become ripe, which is known from their changing colour, they are gathered with great care, and laid by as long as they think proper: when they choose to animate the seed of these nuts, they throw them into a large cauldron of boiling water, which opens the shells in a few hours, and out jumps the creature.

Nature forms their minds for different pursuits before they come into

the world; from one shell comes forth a warrior, from another a philosopher, from a third a divine, from a fourth a lawyer, from a fifth a farmer, from a sixth a clown, &c. &c. and each of them immediately begin to perfect themselves, by practising what they before knew only in theory.

When they grow old, they do not die, but turn into air, and dissolve like smoke! As for their drink, they need none; the only evacuations they have are insensible, and by their breath. They have but one finger upon each hand, with which they perform every thing in as perfect a manner

manner as we who have four besides the thumb. Their heads are placed under their right arm; and, when they are going to travel, or about any violent exercise, they generally leave them at home, for they can consult them at any distance; this is a very common practice: and when those of rank or quality among the Lunarians have an inclination to see what's going forward among the common people, they stay at home, i. e. the body stays at home, and sends the head only, which is suffered to be present incog. and return at pleasure with an account of what has passed.

The stones of their grapes are exactly like hail; and, I am perfectly satisfied, that when a storm or high wind in the Moon shakes their vines, and breaks the grapes from the stalks, the stones fall down, and form our hail-showers. I would advise those who are of my opinion, to save a quantity of these stones when it hails next, and make Lunarian wine. It is common beverage at Saint Luke's. Some material circumstances I had nearly omitted. They put their bellies to the same use we do a sack, and throw whatever they have occasion for into it, for they can shut and open it again when they please,

please, as they do their stomachs : they are not troubled with bowels, liver, heart, or any other intestines ; neither are they incumbered with clothes, nor is there any part of their bodies unseemly or indecent to exhibit.

Their eyes they can take in and out of their places when they please, and can see as well with them in their hand as in their head ! and if by any accident they lose or damage one, they can borrow or purchase another, and see as clearly with it as their own. Dealers in eyes are on that account very numerous in most parts of the Moon,
and

and in this article alone all the inhabitants are whimsical; sometimes green, and sometimes yellow eyes are the fashion. I know these things appear strange; but if the shadow of a doubt can remain on any person's mind, I say, let him take a voyage there himself, and then he will know I am a traveller of veracity.

C H A P. XIX.

The Baron crosses the Thames without the assistance of a bridge, ship, boat, or balloon, or even his own will; rouses himself after a long nap, and destroys a monster, who lived upon the destruction of others.

MY first visit to England was about the beginning of the present King's reign. I had occasion to go down to Wapping, to see some goods shipped, which I was sending to some friends at Hamburgh: after that business was
over,

over, I took the Tower Wharf in my way back. Here I found the fun very powerful; and I was so much fatigued that I stepped into one of the cannon to compose me, where I fell fast asleep. This was about noon; it was the fourth of June: exactly at one o'clock, these cannon were all discharged in memory of the day: they had been all charged that morning, and having no suspicion of my situation, I was shot over the houses on the opposite side of the river, into a farmer's yard, between Bermondsey and Deptford, where I fell upon a large haystack, without waking, and continued

nued there in a sound sleep till hay became so extravagantly dear (which was about three months after), that the farmer found it his interest to send his whole stock to market : the stack I was reposing upon was the largest in the yard, containing above five hundred load ; they began to cut that first. I waked (with the voices of the people who had ascended the ladders to begin at the top) and got up, totally ignorant of my situation ; in attempting to run away, I fell upon the farmer to whom the hay belonged, and broke his neck, yet received no injury myself ! I afterwards found, to
my

my great consolation, that this fellow was a most detestable character, always keeping the produce of his grounds for extravagant markets.

CHAP.

C H A P. XX.

The Baron slips through the world: after paying a visit to Mount Etna, he finds himself in the South Sea; visits Vulcan in his passage; gets on board a Dutchman; arrives at an island of Cheese, surrounded by a sea of Milk; describes some very extraordinary objects. Lose their compass; their ship slips between the teeth of a fish unknown in this part of the world; their difficulty in escaping from thence; arrive in the Caspian Sea. Starves a bear to death. A few waistcoat anecdotes.— In this chapter, which is the longest, the Baron moralizes upon the virtue of veracity.

MR. Brydone's Travels to Sicily,
which I had read with great pleasure,
R induced

induced me to pay a visit to Mount Etna; my voyage to this place was not attended with any circumstances worth relating. One morning early, three or four days after my arrival, I set out from a cottage where I had slept, within six miles of the foot of the mountain, determined to explore the internal parts, if I perished in the attempt. After three hours hard labour, I found myself at the top; it was then, and had been for upwards of three weeks raging; its appearance in this state has been so frequently noticed by different travellers, that I will not tire you with descriptions of
objects

objects you are already acquainted with. I walked round the edge of the crater, which appeared to be fifty times at least as capacious as the Devil's Punch-Bowl near Petersfield, on the Portsmouth road, but not so broad at the bottom, as in that part it resembles the contracted part of a funnel more than a punch-bowl. At last, having made up my mind, in I sprang feet foremost : I soon found myself in a warm birth, and my body bruised and burnt in various parts by the red-hot cinders, which, by their violent ascent, opposed my descent ; however, my weight soon brought me to the

bottom, where I found myself in the midst of noise and clamour, mixed with most horrid imprecations ; after recovering my senses, and feeling a reduction of my pain, I began to look about me. Guess, gentlemen, my astonishment, when I found myself in the company of Vulcan and his cyclops, who had been quarrelling for the three weeks before mentioned, about the observation of good order and due subordination, and which had occasioned such alarms for that space of time in the world above. However, my arrival restored peace to the whole society, and Vulcan himself did me
the

the honour of applying plasters to my wounds, which healed them immediately; he also placed refreshments before me, particularly nectar, and other rich wines, such as the gods and goddesses only aspire to. After this repast was over, Vulcan ordered Venus to shew me every indulgence which my situation required. To describe the apartment and the couch on which I reposed, is totally impossible, therefore I will not attempt it: let it suffice to say, it exceeds the power of language to do it justice, or speak of that kind-hearted goddess in any terms equal to her merit.

Vulcan gave me a very concise

R 3

account

account of Mount Etna ; he said it was nothing more than an accumulation of ashes thrown from his forge ; that he was frequently obliged to chastise his people, at whom, in his passion, he made it a practice to throw red-hot coals at home, which they often parried with great dexterity, and then threw them up into the world, to place them out of his reach, for they never attempted to assault him in return, by throwing them back again : our quarrels, added he, last sometimes three or four months, and these appearances of coals or cinders in the world are what I find you mortals call eruptions.

tions. Mount Vefuvius, he assured me, was another of his shops, to which he had a passage three hundred and fifty leagues under the bed of the sea, where similar quarrels produced similar eruptions. I should have continued here as an humble attendant upon Madam Venus; but some busy tattlers, who delight in mischief, whispered a tale in Vulcan's ear, which roused in him a fit of jealousy not to be appeased. Without the least previous notice, he took me one morning under his arm, as I was waiting upon Venus, agreeable to custom, and carried me to an apartment I had
never

never before seen, in which there was, to all appearance, a *well*, with a wide mouth : over this he held me at arm's-length, and saying, "*Ungrateful mortal, return to the world from whence you came ;*" without giving me the least opportunity of reply, dropped me in the centre. I found myself descending with an increasing rapidity, till the horror of my mind deprived me of all reflection. I suppose I fell into a trance; from which I was suddenly roused, by plunging into a large body of water illuminated by the rays of the sun !!

I could, from my infancy, swim
well,

well, and play tricks in the water. I now found myself in paradise, considering the horrors of mind I had just been released from. After looking about me some time, I could discover nothing but an expanse of sea, extending beyond the eye in every direction; I also found it very cold, a different climate from Master Vulcan's shop. At last I observed, at some distance, a body of amazing magnitude, like a huge rock, approaching me: I soon discovered it to be a piece of floating ice; I swam round it till I found a place where I could ascend to the top, which I did, but not without

out

out some difficulty. Still I was out of sight of land, and despair returned with double force : however, before night came on, I saw a sail, which we approached very fast ; when it was within a very small distance, I hailed them in Germán ; they answered in Dutch ; I then flung myself into the sea, and they threw out a rope, by which I was taken on board. I now enquired where we were, and was informed, in the great Southern Ocean ; this opened a discovery which removed all my doubts and difficulties. It was now evident that I had passed from Mount Etna through the centre
of

of the earth to the South Seas; this, gentlemen, was a much shorter cut than going round the world, and which no man has accomplished, or ever attempted, but myself: however, the next time I perform it, I will be much more particular in my observations.

I took some refreshment, and went to rest. The Dutch are a very rude sort of people; I related the Etna passage to the officers, exactly as I have done to you; and some of them, particularly the Captain, seemed by his grimace and half-sentences to doubt my veracity: however, as he had kindly

taken me on board his vessel, and was then in the very act of administering to my necessities, I pocketed the affront.

I now in my turn began to enquire where they were bound? To which they answered, they were in search of new discoveries; "*and if, said they, your story is true, a new passage is really discovered, and we shall not return disappointed.*" We were now exactly in Captain Cook's first track, and arrived the next morning in Botany Bay. This place I would by no means recommend to the English government as a receptacle for felons, or place of punishment;

nishment: it should rather be the reward of merit, nature having most bountifully bestowed her best gifts upon it.

We staid here but three days; the fourth after our departure, a most dreadful storm arose, which in a few hours destroyed all our sails, splintered our bowsprit, and brought down our top-mast; it fell directly upon the box that inclosed our compass, which, with the compass, was broken to pieces. Every one who has been at sea, knows the consequences of such a misfortune; we now were at a loss where to steer. At length the storm

S abated,

abated, which was followed by a steady brisk gale, that carried us at least forty knots an hour for six months* ! when we began to observe an amazing change in every thing about us ; our spirits became light, our noses were regaled with the most aromatic effluvia imaginable : the sea also had changed its complexion, and from green became white !! Soon after these wonderful alterations we saw land, and not at any great distance an inlet, which we sailed up near sixty leagues, and found it wide and

* We should suppose the Baron has made a little mistake, and substituted *months* for *days*.

deep,

deep, flowing with milk of the most delicious taste. Here we landed, and soon found it was an island consisting of one large cheese : we discovered this by one of the company fainting away as soon as he landed ; this man always had an aversion to cheese : when he recovered, he desired the cheese to be taken from under his feet ; upon examination we found him perfectly right, for the whole island, as before observed, was nothing but a cheese of immense magnitude ! Upon this the inhabitants, who are amazingly numerous, principally sustain themselves, and it grows every night in propor-

tion as it is consumed in the day. Here seemed to be plenty of vines, with bunches of large grapes, which, upon being pressed, yielded nothing but milk. We saw the inhabitants running races upon the surface of the milk; they were upright, comely figures, nine feet high, have three legs, and but one arm; upon the whole, their form was graceful; and when they quarrel, they exercise a strait horn, which grows in adults from the centre of their foreheads, with great adroitness: they did not sink at all, but ran and walked upon the surface
of

of the milk, as we do upon a bowling-green.

Upon this island of cheese grows great plenty of corn, the ears of which produce loaves of bread, ready made; of a round form like mushrooms. We discovered, in our rambles over this cheese, seventeen other rivers of milk, and ten of wine.

After thirty-eight days journey, we arrived on the opposite side to that on which we landed; here we found some blue mould, as cheese-eaters call it, from whence spring all kinds of rich fruit: instead of breeding mites, it produced peaches, nectarines, apricots,

and a thousand delicious fruits, which we are not acquainted with. In these trees, which are of an amazing size, were plenty of birds nests: amongst others was a king-fisher's, of prodigious magnitude; it was at least twice the circumference of the dome of St. Paul's church in London: upon inspection, this nest was made of huge trees, curiously joined together; there were, let me see (*for I make it a rule always to speak within compass*), there were upwards of five hundred eggs in this nest, and each of them was as large as four common hog-heads or eight barrels, and we could

not only see, but hear the young ones chirping within. Having, with great fatigue, cut open one of these eggs, we let out a young one unfeathered, considerably larger than twenty full-grown vultures. Just as we had given this youngster his liberty, the old king-fisher lighted, and seizing our captain, who had been active in breaking the egg, in one of his claws, flew with him above a mile high, and then let him drop into the sea, but not till she had beaten all his teeth out of his mouth with her wings.

Dutchmen generally swim well; he soon joined us, and we retreated to
our

our ship. On our return we took a different route, and observed many strange objects. We shot two wild oxen, each with one horn; also like the inhabitants, except that it sprouted from between the eyes of these animals: we were afterwards concerned at having destroyed them, as we found, by inquiry, they tamed these creatures, and used them as we do horses, to ride upon and draw their carriages; their flesh, we were informed, is excellent, but useless where people live upon cheese and milk. When we had reached within two days journey of the ship, we observed three men hanging

hanging to a tall tree by the heels: upon inquiring the cause of their punishment, I found they had all been travellers, and upon their return home had deceived their friends, by describing places they never saw, and relating things that never happened: this gave me no concern, *as I have ever confined myself to facts.*

As soon as we arrived at the ship, we unmoored, and set sail from this extraordinary country, when, to our astonishment, all the trees upon shore, of which there were a great number very tall and large, paid their respects to us twice, bowing to exact time, and
immedi-

immediately recovered their former posture, which was quite erect.

By what we could learn of this CHEESE, it was considerably larger than the continent of all Europe !

After failing three months we knew not where, being still without compass, we arrived in a sea which appeared to be almost black ; upon tasting it, we found it most excellent wine, and had great difficulty to keep the sailors from getting drunk with it : however, in a few hours we found ourselves surrounded by whales and other animals of an immense magnitude ; one of which appeared to be
too.

too large for the eye to form a judgment of: we did not see him till we were close to him. This monster drew our ship, with all her masts standing, and sails bent, by suction, into its mouth, between its teeth, which were much larger and taller than the mast of a first-rate man of war. After we had been in his mouth some time, he opened it pretty wide, took in an immense quantity of water, and floated our vessel, which was at least 500 tons burthen, into his stomach; here we lay as quiet as at anchor in a dead calm. The air, to be sure, was rather warm, and very offensive. We
found

found anchors, cables, boats, and barges in abundance, and a considerable number of ships, some laden and some not, which this creature had swallowed. Every thing was transacted by torch-light ; no sun, no moon, no planet, to make observations from. We were all generally afloat and aground twice a-day : whenever he drank, it became high-water with us ; and when he evacuated, we found ourselves aground : upon a moderate computation, he took in more water at a single draught than is generally to be found in the Lake of Geneva, though that is above thirty miles in
circum-

circumference. On the second day of our confinement in these regions of darkness, I ventured at low-water, as we called it, when the ship was aground, to ramble with the Captain, and a few of the other officers, with lights in our hands: we met with people of all nations, to the amount of upwards of ten thousand; they were going to hold a council how to recover their liberty; some of them having lived in this animal's stomach several years, there were several children here who had never seen the world, their mothers having lain in repeatedly in this warm situation. Just

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as the chairman was going to inform us of the business upon which we were assembled, this plaguy fish becoming thirsty, drank in his usual manner : the water poured in with such impetuosity, that we were all obliged to retreat to our respective ships immediately, or run the risk of being drowned; some were obliged to swim for it, and with difficulty saved their lives. In a few hours after, we were more fortunate; we met again just after the monster had evacuated. I was chosen chairman, and the first thing I did was to propose splicing two main-masts together; and the next time he opened his

his mouth, to be ready to wedge them in, so as to prevent his shutting it. It was unanimously approved. One hundred stout men were chosen upon this service. We had scarcely got our masts properly prepared, when an opportunity offered; the monster opened his mouth: immediately the top of the mast was placed against the roof, and the other end pierced his tongue, which effectually prevented him from shutting his mouth. As soon as every thing in his stomach was afloat, we manned a few boats, who rowed themselves and us into the world. The day-light, after, as near

as we could judge, three months confinement in total darkness, cheered our spirits surprisingly. When we had all taken our leave of this capacious animal, we mustered just a fleet of ninety-five ships, of all nations, who had been in this confined situation.

We left the two masts in his mouth, to prevent others being confined in the same horrid gulph of darkness and filth. Our first object was to learn what part of the world we were in: this we were for some time at a loss to ascertain; at last I found, from former observations, that we were in the Caspian Sea! which washes
part

part of the country of the Calmuck Tartars. How we came here, it was impossible to conceive, as this sea has no communication with any other. One of the inhabitants of the Cheese Island, whom I had brought with me, accounted for it thus ; that the monster, in whose stomach we had been so long confined, had carried us here through some subterraneous passage ; however, we pushed to shore, and I was the first who landed. Just as I put my foot upon the ground, a large bear leaped upon me, with his fore-paws ; I caught one in each hand, and squeezed him till he cried out most

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lustily ;

lustily; however, in this position I held him till I starved him to death. You may laugh, gentlemen, but this was soon accomplished, as I prevented him licking his paws. From hence I travelled up to St. Petersburg a second time; here an old friend gave me a most excellent pointer, descended from the famous bitch before mentioned, that littered while she was hunting a hare. I had the misfortune to have him shot soon after by a blundering sportsman, who fired at him instead of a covey of partridges which he had just set. Of this creature's skin I have had this waistcoat made

(shewing

(shewing his waistcoat), which always leads me involuntarily to game if I walk in the fields in the proper season; and when I come within shot, *one of the buttons constantly flies off, and lodges upon the spot where the sport is*; and, as the birds rise, being always primed and cocked, I never miss them. Here are now but three buttons left. I shall have a new set sewed on against the shooting season commences.

When a covey of partridges is disturbed in this manner, by the button falling amongst them, they always rise from the ground in a direct line before each other. I one day, by forgetting

getting to take my ram-rod out of my gun, shot it straight through a leash, as regularly as if the cook had spitted them. I had forgot to put in any shot, and the rod had been made so hot with the powder, that the birds were completely roasted by the time I reached home.

Since my arrival in England I have accomplished what I had very much at heart, viz. providing for the inhabitant of the Cheese Island, whom I had brought with me. My old friend, Sir William Chambers, who is intirely indebted to me for all his ideas of Chinese gardening, by a description

scription of which he has gained such high reputation ; I say, gentlemen, in a discourse which I had with this gentleman, he seemed much distressed for a contrivance to light the lamps at the new buildings, Somerset House : the common mode with ladders, he observed, was both dirty and inconvenient. My native of the Cheese Island popped into my head ; he was only nine feet high when I first brought him from his own country, but was now increased to ten and an half : I introduced him to Sir William, and he is appointed to that honourable office. He is also to carry,
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under a large cloak, an utensil in each coat pocket, instead of those four which Sir William has *very properly* fixed for private purposes in so conspicuous a situation, in the great quadrangle.

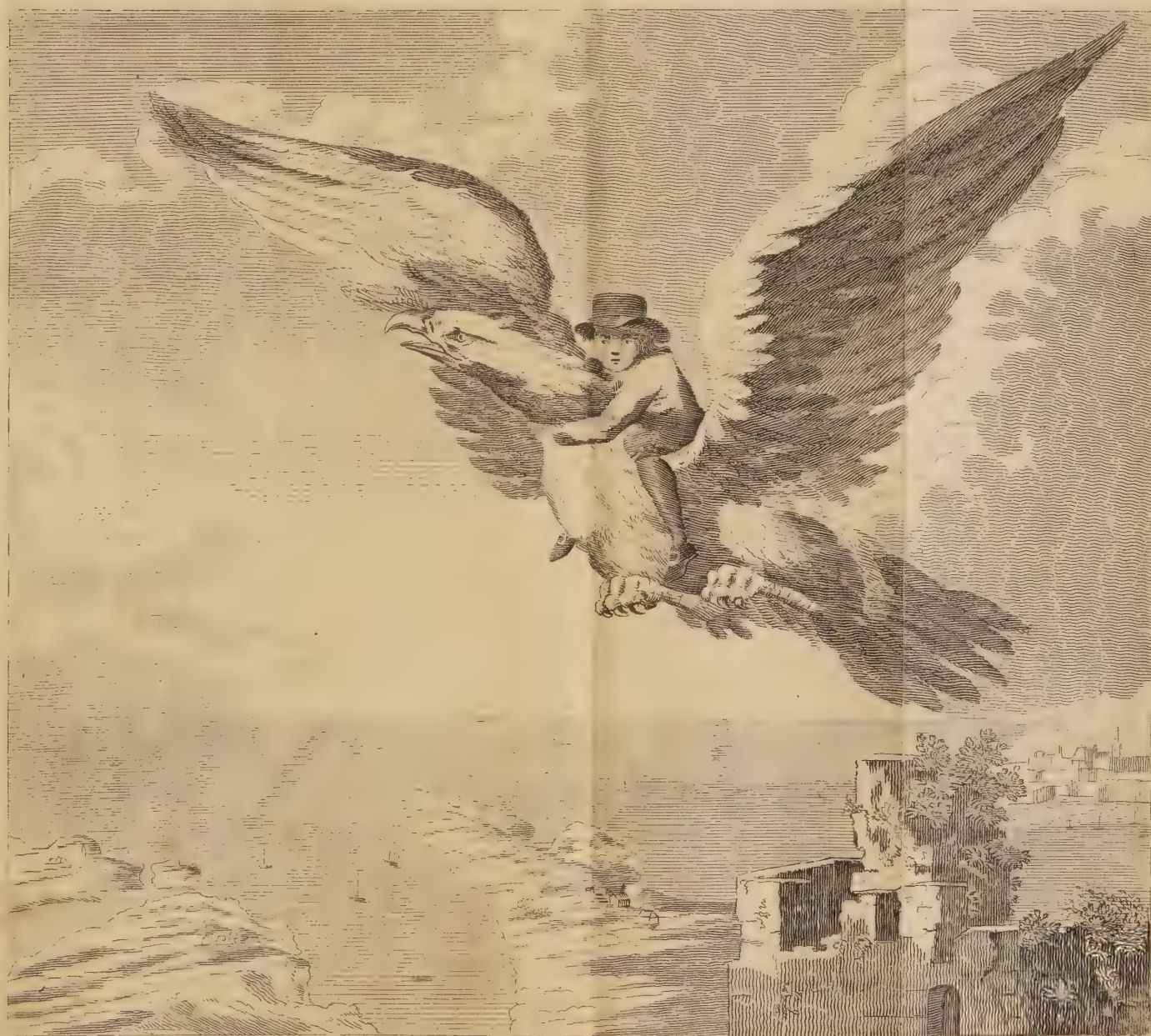
He has also obtained from Mr. PITT, the situation of messenger to his Majesty's lords of the bed-chamber, whose principal employment will *now* be, divulging the secrets of the Royal Household to their *worthy* patron.

S U P P L E M E N T.

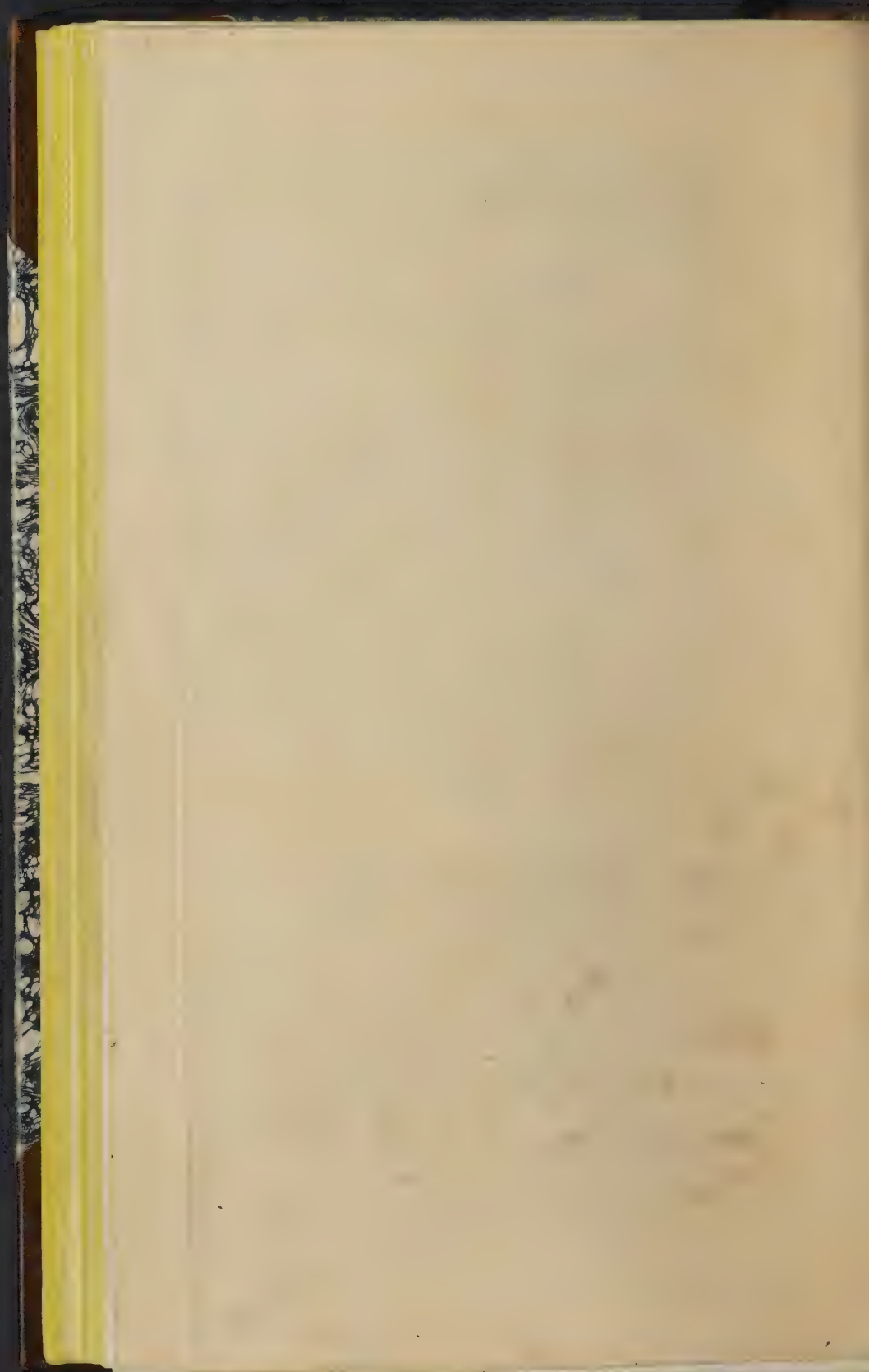
Extraordinary Flight on the Back of an Eagle over France to Gibraltar, South and North America, the Polar Regions, and back to England, within six-and-thirty hours.

ABOUT the beginning of his present Majesty's reign I had some business with a distant relation who then lived on the isle of Thanet; it was a family dispute, and not likely to be finished soon. I made it a practice during my residence there, the weather being fine, to walk out every morning. After a few of these excursions, I observed an object upon a great eminence about three miles distant; I extended my walk

walk to it, and found the ruins of an ancient temple : I approached it with admiration and astonishment ; the traces of grandeur and magnificence which yet remained were evident proofs of its former splendour : here I could not help lamenting the ravages and devastations of time, of which that once noble structure exhibited such a melancholy proof. I walked round it several times, meditating on the fleeting and transitory nature of all terrestrial things : on the eastern end were the remains of a lofty tower, near forty feet high, overgrown with ivy, the top apparently flat ; I surveyed it on every side very minutely, thinking that if I could gain its summit, I should enjoy the most delightful prospect of



Flight from MARGATE to South AMERICA.
MUNCHAUSEN'S TRAVELS.



the circumjacent country. Animated with this hope, I resolved, if possible, to gain the summit ; which I at length effected by means of the ivy, though not without great difficulty and danger: the top I found covered with this evergreen, except a large chasm in the middle. After I had surveyed with pleasing wonder the beauties of art and nature that conspired to enrich the scene, curiosity prompted me to sound the opening in the middle, in order to ascertain its depth, as I entertained a suspicion that it might probably communicate with some unexplored subterranean cavern in the hill ; but having no line, I was at a loss how to proceed. After revolving the matter in my thoughts for some

U time,

time, I resolved to drop a stone down, and listen to the echo: having found one that answered my purpose, I placed myself over the hole with one foot on each side, and stooping down to listen, I dropped the stone; which I had no sooner done, than I heard a rustling below, and suddenly a monstrous eagle put up its head right opposite my face; and rising up with irresistible force, carried me away seated on its shoulders. I instantly grasped it round the neck, which was large enough to fill my arms; and its wings, when extended, were ten yards from one extremity to the other. As it arose with a regular ascent, my seat was perfectly easy, and I enjoyed the prospect below with
inex-

inexpressible pleasure. It hovered over Margate for some time, was seen by several people, and many shots were fired at it; one ball hit the heel of my shoe, but did me no injury. It then directed its course to Dover cliff, where it alighted, and I thought of dismounting; but was prevented, by a sudden discharge of musquetry from a party of marines that were exercising on the beach: the balls flew about my head, and rattled on the feathers of the eagle like hail-stones; yet I could not perceive it had received any injury. It instantly re-ascended, and flew over the sea towards Calais; but so very high, that the channel seemed to be no broader than the Thames at London-bridge. In a quarter of an hour I

found myself over a thick wood in France, where the eagle descended very rapidly, which caused me to slip down to the back part of its head; but alighting on a large tree, and raising its head, I recovered my seat as before, but saw no possibility of disengaging myself without the danger of being killed by the fall: so I determined to sit fast, thinking it would carry me to the Alps, or some other high mountain, where I could dismount without any danger. After resting a few minutes it took wing, flew several times round the wood, and screamed loud enough to be heard across the English channel. In a few minutes one of the same species arose out of the wood, and flew directly towards us: it surveyed

veyed me with evident marks of displeasure, and came very near me. After flying several times round, they both directed their course to the south-west. I soon observed that the one I rode upon could not keep pace with the other, but inclined towards the earth, on account of my weight: its companion perceiving this, turned round, and placed itself in such a position that the other could rest its head on its rump: in this manner they proceeded till noon, when I saw the rock of Gibraltar very distinctly. The day being clear, notwithstanding my degree of elevation, the earth's surface appeared just like a map, where land, sea, lakes, rivers, mountains, and the like, were perfectly distinguishable; and having

some knowledge of geography, I was at no loss to determine what part of the globe I was in.

While I was contemplating this wonderful prospect, a dreadful howling suddenly began all around me, and in a moment I was invested by thousands of small black, deformed, frightful-looking creatures, who pressed me on all sides in such a manner that I could neither move hand or foot: but I had not been in their possession more than ten minutes, when I heard the most delightful music that can possibly be imagined; which was suddenly changed into a noise the most awful and tremendous, to which the report of cannon, or the loudest claps of thunder, would bear no more proportion than
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the gentle zephyrs of the evening to the most dreadful hurricane : but the shortness of its duration prevented all those fatal effects which a prolongation of it would certainly have been attended with.

The music commenced, and I saw a great number of the most beautiful little creatures seize the other party, and throw them with great violence into something like a snuff-box, which they shut down ; and one threw it away with incredible velocity ; then turning to me, he said, they whom he had secured were a party of devils, who had wandered from their proper habitation ; and that the vehicle in which they were inclosed would fly with unabating rapidity for ten thou-

land years, when it would burst of its own accord, and the devils would recover their liberty and faculties, as at the present moment. He had no sooner finished this relation than the music ceased, and they all disappeared, leaving me in a state of mind bordering on the confines of despair.

When I had recomposed myself a little, and looking before me with inexpressible pleasure, I observed that the eagles were preparing to alight on the peak of Teneriffe: they descended on the top of a rock; but seeing no possible means of escape if I dismounted, determined me to remain where I was. The eagles sat down seemingly fatigued, when the heat of the sun soon caused them both to fall asleep; nor
did

did I long resist its fascinating power. In the cool of the evening, when the sun had retired below the horizon, I was roused from sleep by the eagle moving under me; and having stretched myself along its back, I sat up, and reassumed my travelling position, when they both took wing, and having placed themselves as before, directed their course to South America. The moon shining bright during the whole night, I had a fine view of all the islands in those seas.

About the break of day we reached the great continent of America, that part called Terra Firma, and descended on the top of a very high mountain. At this time the moon, far distant in the west, and obscured by dark clouds,
but

but just afforded light sufficient for me to discover a kind of shrubbery all around, bearing fruit something like cabbages, which the eagles began to feed on very eagerly. I endeavoured to discover my situation, but fogs and passing clouds involved me in the thickest darkness; and what rendered the scene still more shocking, was the tremendous howling of wild beasts, some of which appeared to be very near: however, I determined to keep my seat, imagining that the eagle would carry me away if any of them should make an hostile attempt. When day-light began to appear, I thought of examining the fruit which I had seen the eagles eat; and as some was hanging, which I could easily come

come at, I took out my knife, and cut a slice; but how great was my surprise to see that it had all the appearance of roast beef regularly mixed, both fat and lean! I tasted it, and found it well flavoured and delicious; then cut several large slices, and put in my pocket, where I found a crust of bread which I had brought from Margate; took it out, and found three musket balls that had been lodged in it on Dover cliff. I extracted them, and cutting a few slices more, made a hearty meal of bread and cold beef fruit. I then cut down two of the largest that grew near me, and tying them together with one of my garters, hung them over the eagle's neck for another occasion, filling my pockets at the

the same time. While I was settling these affairs, I observed a large fruit like an inflated bladder, which I wished to try an experiment upon; and striking my knife into one of them, a fine pure liquor like Holland's gin gushed out, which the eagles observing, eagerly drank up from the ground. I cut down the bladder as fast as I could, and saved about half a pint in the bottom of it, which I tasted, and could not distinguish it from the best mountain wine. I drank it all, and found myself greatly refreshed. By this time the eagles began to stagger against the shrubs. I endeavoured to keep my seat, but was soon thrown to some distance among the bushes. In attempting to rise, I put my hand upon

upon a large hedge-hog, which happened to lie among the grafs upon its back: it instantly closed round my hand, so that I found it impossible to shake it off. I struck it several times against the ground without effect; but while I was thus employed, I heard a rustling among the shrubbery, and looking up, I saw an huge animal within three yards of me: I could make no defence, but held out both my hands, when it rushed upon me, and seized that on which the hedge-hog was fixed. My hand being soon relieved, I ran to some distance, where I saw the creature suddenly drop down, and expire with the hedge-hog in its throat. When the danger was past, I went to view the eagles, and found them ly-

ing on the grass fast asleep, being intoxicated with the liquor they had drank. Indeed I found myself considerably elevated by it, and seeing every thing quiet, I began to search for some more, which I soon found; and having cut down two large bladders, about a gallon each, I tied them together, and hung them over the neck of the other eagle; and two smaller ones I tied with a cord round my own waist. Having secured a good stock of provisions, and perceiving the eagles begin to recover, I again took my seat. In half an hour they rose majestically from the place, without taking the least notice of their incumbrance. Each reassumed its former station; and directing their

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course

course to the northward, they crossed the Gulf of Mexico, entered North America, and steered directly for the Polar regions; which gave me the finest opportunity of viewing this vast continent that can possibly be imagined.

Before we entered the frigid zone, the cold began to affect me; but piercing one of my bladders, I took a draught, and found that it could make no impression on me afterwards. Passing over Hudson's Bay, I saw several of the company's ships lying at anchor, and many tribes of Indians marching with their furs to market.

By this time I was so reconciled to my feat, and become such an expert rider, that I could sit up and look

around me ; but in general I lay along the eagle's neck, grasping it in my arms, with my hands immerfed in its feathers, in order to keep them warm.

In these cold climates I observed that the eagles flew with greater rapidity, in order, I suppose, to keep their blood in circulation. In passing Baffin's Bay I saw several large Greenlandmen to the eastward, and many surprizing mountains of ice in those seas.

While I was surveying these wonders of nature, it occurred to me that this was a good opportunity to discover the north-west passage, if any such thing existed, and not only obtain the reward offered by government, but the honour of a discovery
pregnant

pregnant with so many advantages to every European nation. But while my thoughts were absorbed in this pleasing reverie, I was alarmed by the first eagle striking its head against a solid transparent substance; and in a moment that which I rode experienced the same fate; and both fell down seemingly dead.

Here our lives must inevitably have terminated, had not a sense of danger, and the singularity of my situation, inspired me with a degree of skill and dexterity, which enabled us to fall near two miles perpendicular with as little inconveniency as if we had been let down with a rope: for no sooner did I perceive the eagles strike against a frozen cloud, which is very com-

mon near the poles, than (they being close together) I laid myself along the back of the foremost, and took hold of its wings to keep them extended, at the same time stretching out my legs behind to support the wings of the other. This had the desired effect; and we descended very safe on a mountain of ice, which I supposed to be about three miles above the level of the sea.

I dismounted; unloaded the eagles; opened one of the bladders, and administered some of the liquor to each of them, without once considering that the horrors of destruction seemed to have conspired against me. The roaring of waves, crashing of ice, and the howling of bears, conspired to form

form a scene the most awful and tremendous; but notwithstanding this, my concern for the recovery of the eagles was so great, that I was insensible of the danger to which I was exposed. Having rendered them every assistance in my power, I stood over them in painful anxiety, fully sensible that it was only by means of them that I could possibly be delivered from these abodes of despair.

But suddenly a monstrous bear began to roar behind me, with a voice like thunder. I turned round, and seeing the creature just ready to devour me, having the bladder of liquor in my hands, through fear I squeezed it so hard, that it burst, and the liquor flying in the eyes of the animal,

animal, totally deprived it of sight: It instantly turned from me, ran away in a state of distraction, and soon fell over a precipice of ice into the sea, where I saw it no more.

The danger being over, I again turned my attention to the eagles, whom I found in a fair way of recovery; and suspecting that they were faint for want of victuals, I took one of the beef fruits, cut it into small slices, and presented them with it, which they devoured with avidity.

Having given them plenty to eat and drink, and disposed of the remainder of my provision, I took possession of my seat as before. After composing myself, and adjusting every thing in the best manner, I began to eat.

eat and drink very heartily; and through the effects of the mountain, as I called it, was very cheerful, and began to sing a few verses of a song, which I had learned when I was a boy: but the noise soon alarmed the eagles, who had been asleep, through the quantity of liquor which they drank, and they arose seemingly much terrified. Happily for me, however, when I was feeding them, I had accidentally turned their heads towards the south-east, which course they pursued with a rapid motion. In a few hours I saw the western isles; and soon after had the inexpressible pleasure of seeing Old England. I took no notice of the seas or islands over which I passed.

The eagles descended gradually as
they

they drew near the shore, intending, as I supposed, to alight on one of the Welch mountains; but when they came to the distance of about sixty yards, two guns were fired at them, loaded with balls, one of which took place in a bladder of liquor that hung to my waist; the other entered the breast of the foremost eagle, who fell to the ground, while that which I rode, having received no injury, flew away with amazing swiftness.

This circumstance alarmed me exceedingly, and I began to think it was impossible for me to escape with my life; but recovering a little, I once more looked down upon the earth; when, to my inexpressible joy, I saw Margate at a little distance, and the
eagle

eagle descending on the old tower whence it had carried me on the morning of the day before. It no sooner came down, than I threw myself off, happy to find that I was once more restored to the world. The eagle flew away in a few minutes, and I sat down to compose my fluttering spirits, which I did in a few hours.

I soon paid a visit to my friends, and related these adventures. Amazement stood in every countenance; their congratulations on my returning in safety were repeated with an unaffected degree of pleasure, and we passed the evening as we are doing now, every person present paying the highest compliments to my COURAGE and VERACITY.

END OF VOLUME THE FIRST.

*BOOKS lately published by C. and
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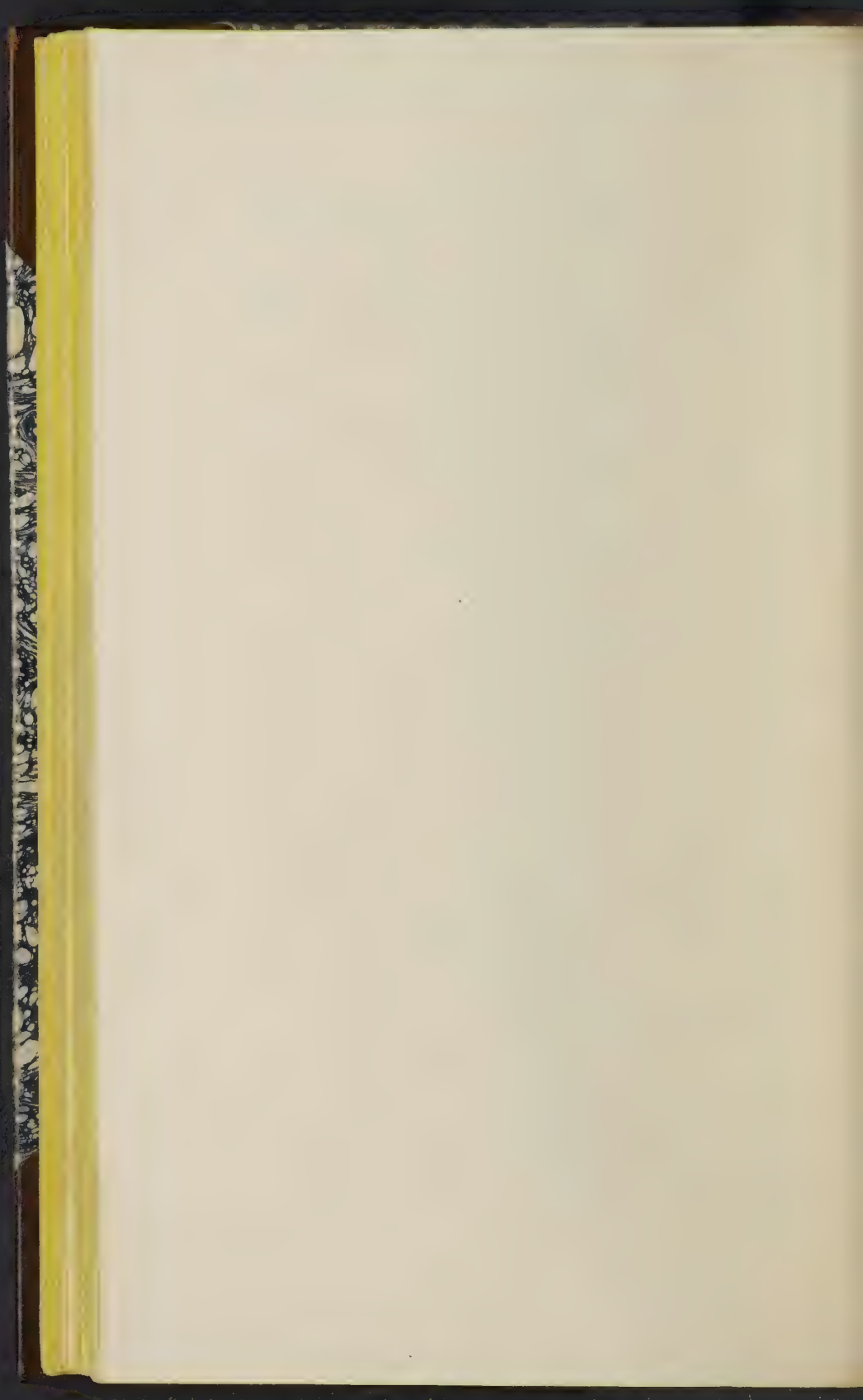
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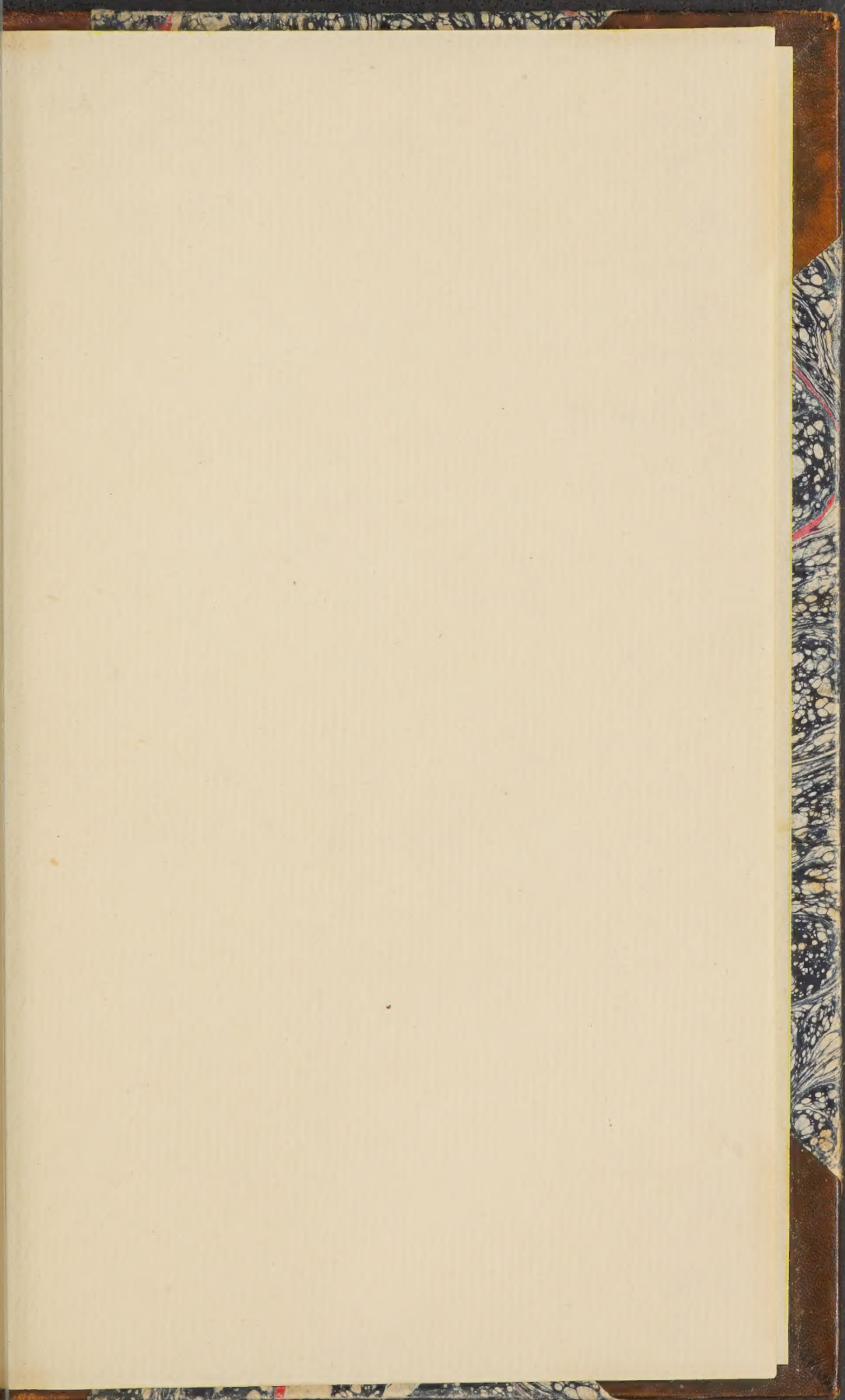
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